

Auranet User Guide

For TP-Link Auranet Access Points

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FCC STATEMENT

FC

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/ TV technician for help.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Note: The manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or TV interference caused by unauthorized modifications to this equipment. Such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

"To comply with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, this grant is applicable to only Mobile Configurations. The antennas used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be colocated or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter."

CE Mark Warning

€€1588①

This is a class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

RF Exposure Information

This device meets the EU requirements (1999/5/EC Article 3.1a) on the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields by way of health protection. The device complies with RF specifications when the device used at 20 cm from your body.

National Restrictions

Restricted to indoor use.

Canadian Compliance Statement

This device complies with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada license-exempt RSSs. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause interference, and
- 2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes :

- 1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage;
- 2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, meme si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Caution

- The device for operation in the band 5150–5250 MHz is only for indoor use to reduce the potential for harmful interference to co-channel mobile satellite systems;
- 2) For devices with detachable antenna(s), the maximum antenna gain permitted for devices in the band 5725-5850 MHz shall be such that the equipment still complies with the e.i.r.p. limits specified for point-to-point and non-point-to-point operation as appropriate; and

The high-power radars are allocated as primary users (i.e. priority users) of the bands 5250-5350 MHz and 5650-5850 MHz and that these radars could cause interference and/or damage to LE-LAN devices.

Avertissement

- Le dispositif fonctionnant dans la bande 5150-5250 MHz est réservé uniquement pour une utilisation à l'intérieur afin de réduire les risques de brouillage préjudiciable aux systèmes de satellites mobiles utilisant les mêmes canaux;
- 2) Le gain maximal d'antenne permis pour les dispositifs avec antenne(s) amovible(s) utilisant la bande 5725-5850 MHz doit se conformer à la limitation P.I.R.E spécifiée pour l'exploitation point à point et non point à point, selon le cas.

En outre, les utilisateurs devraient aussi être avisés que les utilisateurs de radars de haute puissance sont désignés utilisateurs principaux (c.-à-d., qu'ils ont la priorité) pour les bandes 5250-5350 MHz et 5650-5850 MHz et que ces radars pourraient causer du brouillage et/ou des dommages aux dispositifs LAN-EL.

Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with ISEDC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

Déclaration d'exposition aux radiations

Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux rayonnements ISEDC établies pour un environnement non contrôlé. Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé avec un minimum de 20 cm de distance entre la source de rayonnement et votre corps.

Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada

Statement

CAN ICES-3 (B)/NMB-3(B)



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EHC

Safety Information

- When product has power button, the power button is one of the way to shut off the product; When there is no power button, the only way to completely shut off power is to disconnect the product or the power adapter from the power source.
- Don't disassemble the product, or make repairs yourself. You run the risk of electric shock and voiding the limited warranty. If you need service, please contact us.
- Avoid water and wet locations.
- Adapter shall be installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible.
- The plug considered as disconnect device of adapter.

NCC Notice & BSMI Notice

注意!

依據 低功率電波輻射性電機管理辦法

第十二條 經型式認證合格之低功率射頻電機,非經許可,公司、商號或使用者均不得擅自 變更頻率、加大功率或變更原設計之特性或功能。

第十四條 低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航安全及干擾合法通行;經發現有干擾現象時, 應立即停用,並改善至無干擾時方得繼續使用。前項合法通信,指依電信規定作業之無線電 信。低功率射頻電機需忍受合法通信或工業、科學以及醫療用電波輻射性電機設備之干擾。 安全諮詢及注意事項

●請使用原裝電源供應器或只能按照本產品注明的電源類型使用本產品。

●清潔本產品之前請先拔掉電源線。請勿使用液體、噴霧清潔劑或濕布進行清潔。

●注意防潮,請勿將水或其他液體潑灑到本產品上。

●插槽與開口供通風使用,以確保本產品的操作可靠並防止過熱,請勿堵塞或覆蓋開口。

●請勿將本產品置放於靠近熱源的地方。除非有正常的通風,否則不可放在密閉位置中。

●請不要私自打開機殼,不要嘗試自行維修本產品,請由授權的專業人士進行此項工作。

AT	BE	BG	СН	CY	CZ	DE	DK
EE	ES	FI	FR	GB	GR	HR	HU
IE	IS	IT	LI	LT	LU	LV	MT
NL	NO	PL	PT	RO	SE	SI	SK

For EU/EFTA, this product can be used in the following countries:

Explanation of the symbols on the product label

Symbol	Explanation
	DC voltage
	RECYCLING This product bears the selective sorting symbol for Waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE). This means that this product must be handled pursuant to European directive 2012/19/EU in order to be recycled or dismantled to minimize its impact on the environment. User has the choice to give his product to a competent recycling organization or to the retailer when he buys a new electrical or electronic equipment.

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About this User Guide

When using this guide, please notice that features of the EAP may vary slightly depending on the model and software version you have, and on your location, language, and Internet service provider. All screenshots, images, parameters and descriptions documented in this guide are used for demonstration only.

The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Every effort has been made in the preparation of this document to ensure accuracy of the contents, but all statements, information, and recommendations in this document do not constitute the warranty of any kind, express or implied. Users must take full responsibility for their application of any product.

Chapter 4 to Chapter 8 are only suitable for the EAP in Standalone mode. Refer to the EAP Controller User Guide from our website at <u>www.tp-link.com</u> when the EAP is managed by the EAP Controller software.

Convention

Unless otherwise noted, the EAP or the device mentioned in this guide stands for EAP245.

More Info

The latest software, management app and utility can be found at Download Center at <u>www.tp-link.com/support</u>.

The Quick Installation Guide can be found where you find this guide or inside the package of the EAP.

Specifications can be found on the product page at <u>http://www.tp-link.com</u>.

A Technical Support Forum is provided for you to discuss our products at <u>http://forum.tp-link.com</u>.

Our Technical Support contact information can be found at the Contact Technical Support page at <u>www.tp-link.com/support</u>.

Chapter 1 Introduction

Auranet series products provide wireless coverage solutions for small-medium business. They can either work independently as standalone APs or be centrally managed by the EAP Controller software, providing a flexible, richly-functional but easily-configured enterprise-grade wireless network for small and medium business. "Celling lamp" appearance and easily mounting design with chassis make EAP easy to be installed on a wall or ceiling and blend in with most interior decorations.

EAP245:



Figure 1-1 Top View of the EAP

Chapter 2 Network Topology

A typical network topology for the EAP is shown below.

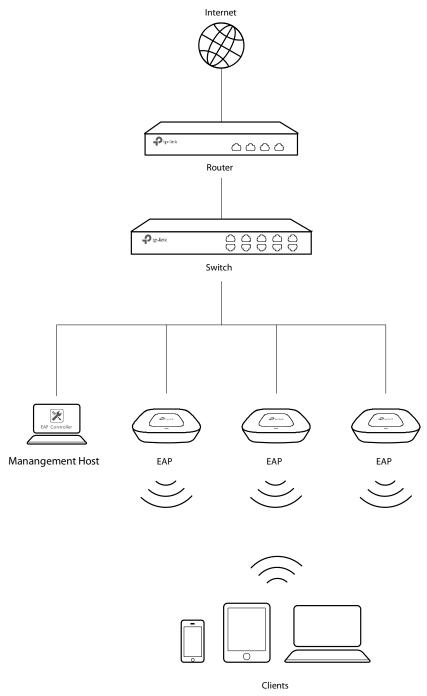


Figure 2-1 Typical Topology

To deploy an EAP in your local network, a DHCP server is required to assign IP addresses to the EAP and clients. Typically, a router acts as the DHCP server. A computer running the EAP Controller software can locate in the same or different subnet with the EAPs. The EAP can be managed by the EAP Controller software, which is a management software specially designed for the TP-Link EAP devices on a local wireless network, allowing you to centrally configure and monitor mass EAP devices using a web browser on your PC. For more information about the EAP Controller, please find the **EAP Controller User Guide** from our official website:

http://www.tp-link.com/en/support/download/

Chapter 3 Management Mode

Auranet series products can either work under the control of the EAP Controller software or work independently as a standalone access point.

When user establishes a large-scale wireless network, the management of every single AP in the network is complex and complicated. With the EAP Controller software, you can centrally manage the mass APs simply in a web browser.

The Standalone mode applies to a relatively small-sized wireless network. EAPs in the Standalone mode cannot be managed centrally by the EAP Controller software.

3.1 Standalone Mode

By default, the EAP works independently as a standalone access point. By entering the IP address of the standalone EAP, you can log in to its web interface and perform configurations.

The factory default IP address configuration of the EAP is DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol). Before you access the web interface of the EAP, please make sure the DHCP server works properly. Typically, a router acts as the DHCP server.

Follow the steps below to log in to the web interface of a standalone EAP.

- Launch a web browser, enter the DHCP address in the address field and press the Enter key.
- 2. Enter **admin** (all lowercase) for both username and password.

3.2 Managed Mode

The EAP will become a managed AP once it is adopted via the EAP Controller software. Users can manage the AP via a web browser. Refer to the **EAP Controller User Guide** from our website at www.tp-link.com to know more about EAP Controller software.

3.3 Switch to Standalone Mode

The web interface of a specific EAP is not available once this EAP is adopted by the EAP Controller. You can *Forget* the EAP via the EAP Controller to turn it back as a standalone AP. Refer to the **EAP Controller User Guide** from our website at www.tp-link.com to learn more.

TIPS:

Proceed to the following chapters for information on using the EAP in standalone mode.

Chapter 4 Network

ptp-link			Acce	ss Point 👻 🗲 🤇	2
Network	Wireless	Monitoring	Management	System	
IP Settings					
•	Dynamic 🔿 Static				
Fallback IP:	Enable				
DHCP Fallback IP:	192.168.0.245				
DHCP Fallback IP MASK:	255.255.255.0				
DHCP Fallback Gateway:					
					Save

On *Network* page you can configure the IP address of the standalone EAP.

Figure 4-1 Network Page

Dynamic/Static:	By default, the EAP device obtains an IP address from a DHCP server (typically a router). Select Static to configure IP address manually.
Fallback IP:	If the EAP fails to get a dynamic IP address from a DHCP server within ten seconds, the fallback IP will work as the IP address of the device. After that, however, the device will keep trying to obtain an IP address from the DHCP server until it succeeds.
DHCP Fallback IP/IP MASK:	Enter the fallback IP/IP mask.
DHCP Fallback Gateway:	Enter the fallback gateway.

Chapter 5 Wireless

Wireless page, consisting of Wireless Settings, Portal, MAC Filtering, Scheduler, QoS and Rogue AP Detection, is shown below.

Pt	p-link						Access	Point 🗸 🗲	(?)
Ne	etwork	Wireless	Mo	onitoring		Manageme	nt	System	
Wire	less Settings	Porta	I	MAC Filte	ering	Schedule	er	QoS	Rogue AP Detectio
2.4GH: Vireless	z 5GHz s Basic Setting	js							
2.4GHz	z Wireless Radio:	Enable							
Wirele	ss Mode:	802.11b/g/	n mixed 🔻	r					
Channe	el Width:	20/40MHz	Ŧ	r					
Channe	el:	Auto	Ŧ	r					
Tx Pow	ver(EIRP):	20		dBm(10	-20)				
Note:									
	RP transmit power inc	ludes the ante	nna nain						
SIDs									
SIDs									Ad
SIDs	SSID Name	Wirel	less VLAN ID	SSID Broa	adcast	Security Mode	Portal	SSID Isolatio	
	SSID Name TP-LINK_2.4GHz_A		less VLAN ID	SSID Broa		Security Mode	Portal Disable	SSID Isolation	
ID 1		DBEE0		Enabl		None			on Modify
ID 1 Vireless Beacor DTIM F	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_A s Advanced Se n Interval: Period:	DBEE0		Enabl	le	None			on Modify
ID 1 Vireless Beacor DTIM F	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_A s Advanced Se n Interval:	ttings	0	Enabl	le ns (40-10	None			on Modify
ID 1 Vireless Beacor DTIM F RTS Th	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_A s Advanced Se n Interval: Period:	DBEE0 ttings 100 1 2347	0	Enabl	le ns (40-10 1-255) 1-2347)	None	Disable		on Modify
ID 1 Vireless Beacor DTIM F RTS Th	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_A s Advanced Se n Interval: Period: rreshold: entation Threshold	DBEE0 ttings 100 1 2347	0	Enabl	le ns (40-10 1-255) 1-2347)	None	Disable		on Modify
ID 1 Seacor DTIM F RTS Th Fragme	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_A s Advanced Se n Interval: Period: rreshold: entation Threshold	DBEE0 ttings 100 1 2347	0	Enabl	le ns (40-10 1-255) 1-2347)	None	Disable		on Modify
ID 1 Seacor DTIM F RTS Th Fragmo Oad Ba Load B	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_A s Advanced Se n Interval: Period: ureshold: entation Threshold	DBEE0 100 1 2347 : 2346	0	Enabl	le ns (40-10 1-255) 1-2347)	None	Disable		on Modify
ID 1 Seacor DTIM F RTS Th Fragmo Oad Ba Load B	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_A s Advanced Se n Interval: Period: meshold: entation Threshold lance talance:	DBEE0 100 1 2347 : 2346	0	Enabl	le hs (40-10 1-255) 1-2347) 256-2346	None	Disable		on Modify

Figure 5-1 Wireless Page

5.1 Wireless Settings

t	p-link							
Ne	etwork	Wireless	Мо	onitoring	Manageme	nt Sy	ystem	
Wire	eless Settings	Portal		MAC Filteri	ng Schedul	er (QoS	Rogue AP Detect
2.4GH ireles	s Basic Setting	s						
		Enable						
Wirele	ss Mode:	802.11b/g/n	mixed .	7				
Chann	el Width:	20/40MHz		r				
Chann	el:	Auto		r				
Tx Pov	wer(EIRP):	20		dBm(10-2	D)			
SIDs								Sa
SIDs								Sa Co /
IDs	SSID Name	Wirele	ess VLAN ID	SSID Broad	cast Security Mode	Portal	SSID Isolatio	Đ,
	SSID Name		ess VLAN ID	SSID Broad	cast Security Mode	Portal Disable	SSID Isolation	Đ,
ID 1		DBEE0						on Modify
ID 1	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_AI	DBEE0		Enable				on Modify
ID 1	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_AI	DBEED		Enable	None			on Modify
ID 1 Beacon DTIM F	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_AI	DBEED ttings 100		Enable ms (1-:	(40-100)			on Modify
1 Beacon DTIM F	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_AI s Advanced Set n Interval: Period:	DBEE0 ttings 100 1 2347		Enable ms (1-:	(40-100) 255)	Disable		on Modify
ID 1 Beacon DTIM F RTS Th Fragmo	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_AI s Advanced Set n Interval: Period: hreshold: eentation Threshold:	DBEE0 100 1 2347		Enable ms (1-:	(40-100) (255) (2347)	Disable		on Modify
ID 1 Beacon DTIM I RTS Th Fragm	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_AI s Advanced Set n Interval: Period: hreshold: eentation Threshold:	208EE0 100 1 2347 2346		Enable ms (1-:	(40-100) (255) (2347)	Disable		n Modify
ID 1 Beacon DTIM I RTS Th Fragmo Pad Ba	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_AI s Advanced Sel n Interval: Period: hreshold: entation Threshold:	DBEE0 100 1 2347 2346	0	Enable ms (1-:	(40-100) (255) (2347) 5-2346, works only in 11b	Disable		n Modify

Following is the page of *Wireless Settings*.

Figure 5-2 Wireless Settings Page

TIPS:

Proceed to the following chapter for information on configuring the wireless network of the EAP. The configuring information of 2.4GHz is taken as the example.

5.1.1 Wireless Basic Settings

2.4GHz 5GHz]	
Vireless Basic Setti	ngs	
2.4GHz Wireless Radi	o: 🕑 Enable	
Wireless Mode:	802.11b/g/n mixed	٣
Channel Width:	20/40MHz	Ψ.
Channel:	Auto	₹
Tx Power(EIRP):	20	
Note:		
The EIRP transmit pow	er includes the antenna gain	ı.

Figure 5-3 Wireless Basic Settings

2.4GHz Wireless Radio:	Check the box to enable 2.4GHz Wireless Radio.
Wireless Mode:	Select the protocol standard for the wireless network.
	For 2.4GHz network, we recommend that select 802.11b/g/n, in which way clients supporting any one of these modes can access your wireless network.
	For 5GHz network, we recommend that select 802.11a/n or 802.11a/n/ac, in which way clients supporting any one of these modes can access your wireless network.
Channel Width:	Select the channel width of this device.
	According to IEEE 802.11n standard, using a higher bandwidth can increase wireless throughput. However, users may choose lower bandwidth due to the following reasons:
	1. To increase the available number of channels within the limited total bandwidth.
	2. To avoid interference from overlapping channels occupied by other devices in the environment.
	3. Lower bandwidth can concentrate higher transmit power, increasing stability of wireless links over long distances.

Channel:	Select the channel used by this device to improve wireless performance. 1/2412MHz means the Channel is 1 and the frequency is 2412MHz. By default, channel is automatically selected.
Tx power:	Enter the transmit power value. By default, the value is 20. If the maximum transmit power is set to be larger than local regulation allows, the maximum Tx power regulated will be applied in actual situation.
	<i>NOTE.</i> In most cases, it is unnecessary to select maximum transmit power. Selecting larger transmit power than needed may cause interference to neighborhood. Also it consumes more power and will reduce longevity of the device. Select a certain transmit power is enough to achieve the best performance.

5.1.2 SSIDs

SSIDs can work together with switches supporting 802.1Q VLAN. The EAP can build up to eight virtual wireless networks per radio for users to access. At the same time, it adds different VLAN tags to the clients which connect to the corresponding wireless network. It supports maximum 8 VLANs per radio. The clients in different VLAN cannot directly communicate with each other.

Clients connected to the device via cable do not belong to any VLAN. Thus wired client can communicate with all the wireless clients despite the VLAN settings.

Click 🖆 in the Modify column, the following content will be shown.

							A
ID	SSID Name	Wireless VLAN ID	SSID Broadca	st Security Mode	Portal	SSID Isolation	Modify
1	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_ADBEE0	0	Enable	None	Disable	Disable	r i
	SSID Name:	TP-LINK_2.4GHz	ADREEO				
	Wireless VLAN ID:	0	(0-40	94, 0 is used to disab	le VLAN		
	SSID Broadcast:	Enable	tagg	ng)			
	Security Mode:	None	Ŧ				
	Portal:	Enable					
	Portal: SSID Isolation:	 Enable Enable 					
		_					

Figure 5-4 SSIDs

🔂 Add	Click to add up to 8 wireless networks per radio.
SSID Name:	Enter up to 32 characters as the SSID name.
Wireless VLAN ID:	Set a VLAN ID for the wireless network. Wireless networks with the same VLAN ID are grouped to a VLAN.
SSID Broadcast:	Enable this function, AP will broadcast its SSID to hosts in the surrounding environment, as thus hosts can find the wireless network identified by this SSID. If SSID Broadcast is not enabled, hosts must enter the AP's SSID manually to connect to this AP.
Security Mode:	Select the security mode of the wireless network. For the security of wireless network, you are suggested to encrypt your wireless network. This device provides three security modes: WPA-Enterprise , WPA-PSK (WPA Pre-Shared Key) and WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy). WPA-PSK is recommended. Settings vary in different security modes as the details are in the following introduction. Select None and the hosts can access the wireless network without password.
Portal:	Portal provides authentication service for the clients who want to access the wireless local area network. For more information, refer to <u>5.2 Portal</u> . After Portal is enabled, the configurations in <u>5.2 Portal</u> will be applied.
SSID Isolation:	After enabling SSID Isolation, the devices connected in the same SSID cannot communicate with each other.
Modify:	Click 🧉 to open the page to edit the parameters of SSID. Click 证 to delete the SSID.

Following is the detailed introduction of security mode: **WEP**, **WPA-Enterprise** and **WPA-PSK**.

• WEP

WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy), based on the IEEE 802.11 standard, is less safe than WPA-Enterprise or WPA-PSK.

NOTE:

WEP is not supported in 802.11n mode. If WEP is applied in 802.11n mode, the clients may not be able to access the wireless network. If WEP is applied in 11b/g/n mode (in the 2.4GHz frequency band) or 11a/n (in the 5GHz frequency band), the device may work at a low transmission rate.

Security Mode:	WEP	Ŧ	
Туре:	Auto O	Open System	0 s
Key Selected:	Key1	Ŧ	
Wep Key Format:	● ASCII C	Hexadecimal	
Кеу Туре:	● 64 Bit C) 128 Bit 🛛	152
Key Value:	weppw		

Figure 5-5 Security Mode-WEP

Туре:	Select the authentication type for WEP.
	• Auto: The default setting is Auto, which can select Open System or Shared Key automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
	• Open System : After you select Open System, clients can pass the authentication and associate with the wireless network without password. However, correct password is necessary for data transmission.
	• Shared Key : After you select Shared Key, clients has to input password to pass the authentication, or it cannot associate with the wireless network or transmit data.
Key Selected:	You can configure four keys in advance and select one as the present valid key.
Wep Key	Select the wep key format ASCII or Hexadecimal.
Format:	• ASCII : ASCII format stands for any combination of keyboard characters in the specified length.
	• Hexadecimal : Hexadecimal format stands for any combination of hexadecimal digits (0-9, a-f, A-F) in the specified length.
Кеу Туре:	Select the WEP key length for encryption.
	 64-bit: You can enter 10 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a- f, A-F without null key) or 5 ASCII characters.
	 128-bit: You can enter 26 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9 a-f, A-F without null key) or 13 ASCII characters.
	 152-bit: You can enter 32 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9 a-f, A-F without null key) or 16 ASCII characters.
Key Value:	Enter the key value.

• WPA-Enterprise

Based on RADIUS server, WPA-Enterprise can generate different passwords for different users and it is much safer than WPA-PSK. However, it costs much to maintain and is more suitable for enterprise users. At present, WPA-Enterprise has two versions: WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK.

Security Mode:	WPA-Enterprise 🔹	
Version:	● Auto ○ WPA-PSK () WPA2-PSK
Encryption:	● Auto ○ TKIP ○ AE	s
Radius Server IP:	0.0.0.0	
Radius Port:	0	(1-65535,0 means default port 1812)
Radius Password:		
Group Key Update Period	: 0	seconds(30-8640000,0 means no upgrade)

Figure 5-6 Security Mode_WPA-Enterprise

Version:	Select one of the following versions:					
	• Auto: Select WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.					
	WPA-PSK: Pre-shared key of WPA.					
	• WPA2-PSK: Pre-shared key of WPA2.					
Encryption:	Select the encryption type, including Auto , TKIP , and AES . The default setting is Auto, which can select TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) or AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request. AES is more secure than TKIP and TKIP is not supported in 802.11n mode. It is recommended to select AES as the encryption type.					
RADIUS Server IP/Port:	Enter the IP address/port of the RADIUS server.					
RADIUS Password:	Enter the shared secret of RADIUS server to access the RADIUS server.					
Group Key	Specify the group key update period in seconds. The value can be either 0 or 30-8640000 seconds.					

NOTE:

Encryption type TKIP is not supported in 802.11n mode. If TKIP is applied in 802.11n mode, the clients may not be able to access the wireless network of the EAP. If TKIP is applied in

11b/g/n mode (in the 2.4GHz frequency band) or 11a/n (in the 5GHz frequency band), the device may work at a low transmission rate.

• WPA-PSK

Based on pre-shared key, security mode WPA-PSK is characterized by high security and simple configuration, which suits for common households and small business. WPA-PSK has two versions: WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK.

Security Mode:	WPA-PSK	T
Version:	Auto O WPA-PSK	O WPA2-PSK
Encryption:	● Auto ○ TKIP ○	AES
Wireless Password:	wpapass1	
Group Key Update Period:	0	seconds(30-8640000,0 means no upgrade)

Figure 5-7 Security Mode_WPA-PSK

Version:	 Auto: Select WPA or WPA2 automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request. WPA: Pre-shared key of WPA.
	• WFA. Pre-Shareu key or WPA.
	WPA2: Pre-shared key of WPA2.
Encryption:	Select the encryption type, including Auto , TKIP , and AES . The default setting is Auto, which can select TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) or AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request. AES is more secure than TKIP and TKIP is not supported in 802.11n mode. It is recommended to select AES as the encryption type.
Wireless Password:	Configure the WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK password with ASCII or Hexadecimal characters. For ASCII, the length should be between 8 and 63 characters with combination of numbers, letters (case-sensitive) and common punctuations. For Hexadecimal, the length should be 64 characters (case-insensitive, 0-9, a-f, A-F).
Group Key	Specify the group key update period in seconds. The value can be either

5.1.3 Wireless Advanced Settings

gs	
100	ms (40-100)
1	(1-255)
2347	(1-2347)
2346	(256-2346, works only in 11b/g mode)
	Save
	100 1 2347

Figure 5-8 Wireless Advanced Settings

Beacon Interval:	Beacons are transmitted periodically by the device to announce the presence of a wireless network for the clients. Beacon Interval value determines the time interval of the beacons sent by the device. You can specify a value from 40 to 100. The default value is 100 milliseconds.
DTIM Period:	This value indicates the number of beacon intervals between successive Delivery Traffic Indication Messages (DTIMs) and this number is included in each Beacon frame. A DTIM is contained in Beacon frames to indicate whether the access point has buffered broadcast and/or multicast data for the client devices. Following a Beacon frame containing a DTIM, the access point will release the buffered broadcast and/or multicast data, if any exists. You can specify the value between 1-255 Beacon Intervals. The default value is 1, indicating the DTIM Period is the same as Beacon Interval. An excessive DTIM period may reduce the performance of multicast applications. It is recommended to keep it by default.
RTS Threshold:	When the RTS threshold is activated, all the stations and APs follow the Request to Send (RTS) protocol. When the station is to send packets, it will send a RTS to AP to inform the AP that it will send data. After receiving the RTS, the AP notices other stations in the same wireless network to delay their transmitting of data. At the same time, the AP inform the requesting station to send data. The value range is from 1 to 2347 bytes. The default value is 2347, which means that RTS is disabled.
Fragmentation Threshold:	Specify the fragmentation threshold for packets. If the size of the packet is larger than the fragmentation threshold, the packet will be fragmented into several packets. Too low fragmentation threshold may result in poor wireless performance caused by the excessive packets. The recommended and default value is 2346 bytes.

5.1.4 Load Balance

By restricting the maximum number of clients accessing the EAPs, Load Balance helps to achieve rational use of network resources.

Load Balance			
Load Balance:	ON OFF		
Maximum Associated Clients:	0	(1-99)	
			Save

Figure 5-9 Load Balance

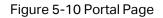
Load Balance:	Disable by default. Click ON to enable the function. After enabling it, you can set a number for maximum associated clients to control the wireless access.
Maximum Associated Clients:	Enter the number of clients to be allowed for connection to the EAP. The number ranges from 1 to 99.

5.2 Portal

Portal authentication enhances the network security by providing authentication service to the clients that just need temporary access to the wireless network. Such clients have to log into a web page to establish verification, after which they will access the network as guests. What's more, you can customize the authentication login page and specify a URL which the newly authenticated clients will be redirected to. Please refer to <u>Portal</u> <u>Configuration</u> or <u>Free Authentication Policy</u> according to your need.

Following is the page of *Portal*.

t: 1 Hours D H Enable	w M				
	м				
Enable					
Local Web Portal	Ŧ				
Term of	Use:				
🗹 I ac	cept the Term of Use				
	Login				
	Term of	Term of Use:	Term of Use:	Term of Use:	Term of Use:



NOTE:

To apply Portal in a wireless network, please go to **Wireless** \rightarrow **Wireless Settings** \rightarrow **SSIDs** to enable Portal of a selected SSID.

5.2.1 Portal Configuration

Three authentication types are available: No Authentication, Local Password and External RADIUS Server.

No Authentication: Users are required to finish only two steps: agree with the user protocol and click the **Login** button.

Local Password: Users are required to enter the preset password, which are saved in the EAP.

External RADIUS Server: Users are required to enter the preset user name and password, which are saved in the database of the RADIUS server. The RADIUS server acts as the authentication server, which allows you to set different usernames and passwords for different users.

Refer to the following content to configure Portal based on actual network situations.

Portal Configuration	
Authentication Type:	No Authentication 🔹
Authentication Timeout:	1 Hours v
	D H M
Redirect:	
Redirect URL:	
Portal Customization:	Local Web Portal 🔹
	I accept the Term of Use Login

No Authentication

Figure 5-11 Portal Configuration_No Authentication

Authentication Type:	Select No Authentication.
Authentication	After successful verification, an authentication session is established.
Timeout:	Authentication Timeout decides the active time of the session. Within the active time, the device keeps the authentication session open with the associated client. To reopen the session, the client needs to log in the web authentication page and enter the user name and password again once authentication timeout is reached.
	Select Custom from the drop-down list to customize the parameter.

Redirect:	Disable by default. Redirect specifies that the portal should redirect the newly authenticated clients to the configured URL.
Redirect URL:	If you enable the Redirect function, please enter the URL that a newly authenticated client will be directed to.
Portal Customization:	Select Local Web Portal, the authentication login page will be provided by the built-in web server. The page configured below will be presented to users as the login page. Words can be filled in Input Box 1 and Input Box 2.
	Enter up to 31 characters as the title of the authentication login page in

Enter up to 31 characters as the title of the authentication login page i Input Box 1, like "Guest Portal of TP-Link".

Enter the terms presented to users in Input Box 2. The terms can be 1 to 1023 characters long.

Local Password

ortal Configuration	
Authentication Type:	Local Password 🔻
Password:	
Authentication Timeout:	1 Hours v
	D H M
Redirect:	Enable
Redirect URL:	
Portal Customization:	Local Web Portal 🛛 🔻
	Password:
	Term of Use:
	✓ I accept the Term of Use
	Login
	Save
	344

Figure 5-12 Portal Configuration_Local Password

Authentication Type:	Select Local Password.
Password:	Enter the password for local authentication.

Please refer to <u>No Authentication</u> to configure **Authentication Timeout**, **Redirect**, **Redirect URL** and **Portal Customization**.

External RADIUS Server

External RADIUS Server provides two types of portal customization: Local Web Portal and External Web Portal. The authentication login page of **Local Web Portal** is provided by the built-in portal server of the EAP, as Figure 5-13 shown. The authentication login page of **External Web Portal** is provided by external portal server, as Figure 5-14 shown.

1. Local Web Portal

Ptp-link				Access Point 👻 🧧	- ?
Network	Wireless	Monitoring	Management	System	
Wireless Settings	Portal	MAC Filtering	Scheduler	QoS	Rogue AP Detection
ortal Configuration					
Authentication Type:	External Radius Se	rvei 🔻			
Radius Server IP: Port:					
Radius Password:					
Authentication Timeout:	1 Hours D H	▼ M			
Redirect:	Enable				
Redirect URL: Portal Customization:	Local Web Portal				
	Usernam Password Term of U	1:			
					Save

Figure 5-13 Portal Configuration_External RADIUS Server_Local Web Portal

Authentication Type:	Select External RADIUS Server.
RADIUS Server IP:	Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server.
Port:	Enter the port for authentication service.
RADIUS Password:	Enter the shared secret of RADIUS server to log in to the RADIUS server.

Please refer to <u>No Authentication</u> to configure **Authentication Timeout**, **Redirect**, **Redirect URL** and **Portal Customization**.

2. External Web Portal

Portal Configuration		
Authentication Type:	External Radius Serve	Ŧ
Radius Server IP:		
Port:		
Radius Password:		
Authentication Timeout:	1 Hours	Ψ.
	D H	м
Redirect:	Enable	
Redirect URL:		
Portal Customization:	External Web Portal	٣
External Web Portal URL:		

Figure 5-14 Portal Configuration_External RADIUS Server_External Web Portal

Authentication Type:	Select External RADIUS Server.
RADIUS Server IP:	Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server.
Port:	Enter the port for authentication service.
RADIUS Password:	Enter the shared secret of RADIUS server to log in to the RADIUS server.
Portal Customization:	Select External Web Portal.
External Web Portal URL:	Enter the authentication login page's URL, which is provided by the remote portal server.

Please refer to <u>No Authentication</u> to configure **Authentication Timeout**, **Redirect** and **Redirect URL**.

5.2.2 Free Authentication Policy

Free Authentication Policy allows clients to access network resources for free. On the lower part of the Portal page you can configure and view free authentication policies.

e Auth	entication Policy						
							🕂 Add
ID	Policy Name	Source IP Range	Destination IP Range	Source MAC	Destination Port	Status	Settings

Figure 5-15 Free Authentication Policy

•	
Click 😏 Add	to add a new authentication policy and configure its parameters.

									🔁 A(
ID	Policy Name	Source IP Range	C	Destin	ation IP Range	Source MAC	Destination Port	Status	Settings
	Policy Name:	Policy1							
	Source IP Range:	192.168.2.0	1	24	(Optional)				
	Destination IP Range:	10.10.10.0	1	24	(Optional)				
	Source MAC:	00-00-00-00-00	((Optior	nal)				
	Destination Port:		((Optior	nal)				
	Status:	Enable							
							Cancel	ОК	

Figure 5-16 Configure Free Authentication Policy

Policy Name:	Enter a policy name.
Source IP Range:	Enter the source IP address and subnet mask of the clients who can enjoy the free authentication policy. Leaving the field empty means all IP addresses can access the specific resources.
Destination IP Range:	Enter the destination IP address and subnet mask for free authentication policy. Leaving the field empty means all IP addresses can be visited. When External Radius Server is configured and External Web Portal is selected, please set the IP address and subnet mask of your external web server as the Destination IP Range .
Source MAC:	Enter the source MAC address of the clients who can enjoy the free authentication policy. Leaving the field empty means all MAC addresses can access the specific resources.
Destination Port:	Enter the destination port for free authentication policy. Leaving the field empty means all ports can be accessed.
Status:	Check the box to enable the policy.

Click the button **OK** in Figure 5-16 and the policy is successfully added as Figure 5-17 shows.

							-
							🕂 Ado
ID	Policy Name	Source IP Range	Destination IP Range	Source MAC	Destination Port	Status	Settings
1	Policy1	192.168.2.0/24	10.10.10.0/24			Enable	C 🗇

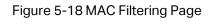
Figure 5-17 Add Free Authentication Policy

Here is the explanation of Figure 5-17: The policy name is Policy 1. Clients with IP address range 192.168.2.0/24 are able to visit IP range 10.10.10.0/24. Policy 1 is enabled.

5.3 MAC Filtering

MAC Filtering uses MAC addresses to determine whether one host can access the wireless network. Thereby it can effectively control the user access to the wireless network.

Netwo	ſĸ	Wireless	Monito	oring	Management	System	I	
Wireless	Settings	Portal	MAC	Filtering	Scheduler	QoS	Rogue	AP Detection
tings								
Enable MA	C Filtering:	🗌 Enable						
								Sav
								- Cuv
tion MA	C Group							
tion MA	C Group			Create Gro	luns			
ition MA	C Group			Create Gro	pups			
	C Group ng Associa	tion		🕂 Create Gro	pups			
	ng Associa	tion 51D Name	Band	🕂 Create Gro	MAC Group Name		Actio	n
C Filteri	ng Associa S			Create Gro		Y	Actio	n v
C Filterii	ng Associa S: TP-LINK	SID Name	Band			v v		
C Filterin	ng Associa S: TP-LINK	SID Name _2.4GHz_ADBEE0	Band 2.4GHz	None			Deny	Ţ



Settings

Enable MAC Check the box to enable MAC Filtering. **Filtering:**

Station MAC Group

Follow the steps below to add MAC groups.

Step 1:

Click Create Groups , two tables will be shown.

tation MAC Group							
	Add a Group			🔁 Add a Group Mer			
MAC Group Name	Modify		ID	MAC Address	Modify		
		•					

Figure 5-19 Station MAC Group

Step 2:

Click Click

		🕀 Add a Grou			
MAC Group Name	Modify		ID	MAC Address	Modif
		•			
MAC Group: MAC Group Name					
Cancel	ок				

Figure 5-20 Add a Group

Step 3:

Select one MAC group, click 😌 Add a Group Member and input the MAC address you want

to organize into this group.

Stati	on MAC Group						
	Đ				🕀 Add a	Group Member	
	MAC Group Name	Modify		ID		MAC Address	Modify
	1st floor	0	•				
	2rd floor	0					
				м	IAC Address:	AA-BB-CC-DD-EE-FF	
						Cancel C	ж

Figure 5-21 Add a Group Member

Click \square in Modify column to edit the MAC group name or MAC address. Click $\boxed{10}$ to delete the MAC group or group member.

• MAC Filtering Association

ID	SSID Name	Band	MAC Group Name		Actio	n
1	TP-LINK_2.4GHz_ADBEE0	2.4GHz	None	Ŧ	Deny	Ŧ
2	TP-LINK_5GHz_ADBEE1	5GHz	None	Ŧ	Deny	Ŧ
	y the access of the stations specific v the access of the stations specific					

Figure 5-22 MAC Filtering Association

SSID Name:	Displays the SSID of the wireless network.
Band:	Displays the frequency band the wireless network operates at.
MAC Group Name:	Select a MAC group from the drop-down list to allow or deny its members to access the wireless network.
Action:	• Allow: Allow the access of the stations specified in the MAC group.
	• Deny : Deny the access of the stations specified in the MAC group.

5.4 Scheduler

Scheduler allows you to configure rules with specific time interval for radios to operate, which automates the enabling or disabling of the radio.

🔁 tp-lii								
Networ	rk	Wireless	Monito	oring	Management	System	i	
Wireless	Settings	Portal	MAC	C Filtering	Scheduler	QoS	Rogue A	P Detection
ttings								
Scheduler:		Enable						
Association	n Mode:	Associated with	SSID 🔻					
neduler I	Profile Con	ifiguration						Sav
		-		🕂 Create Pri	ofiles			Sav
	Associatior	-	Band	+ Create Pr	ofiles Profile Name		Action	Sav
heduler /	Association	1	Band 2.4GHz	Create Pro		Y	Action Radio Off	Sav
ID	Association SS TP-LINK_	1 SID Name				Y		

Figure 5-23 Scheduler Page

Settings

Scheduler:	Check the box to enable Scheduler.
Association Mode:	Select Associated with SSID/AP , you can perform configurations on the SSIDs/AP. The display of Scheduler Association is based on your option here.

Scheduler Profile Configuration

Follow the steps below to add rules.

Step 1:

Click Create Profiles, two tables will be shown.

Sch	eduler Profile Configuration										
	•	Add a Profile						🔂 Ad	dd an Item		
	Profile Name	Modify		ID	Profile Name	Day of Week	Start Time	End Time	Modify		
			•								

Figure 5-24 Scheduler Profile Configuration

Step 2:

Click Click Click Click and input a profile name for the rule.

🔂 Add a Profile 🗧 🔂 Add an					d an Ite			
Profile Name	Modify		ID	Profile Name	Day of Week	Start Time	End Time	Modif
		•						
Profile: Profile Name								
Cancel	ОК							

Figure 5-25 Add a Profile

Step 3:

Select one profile, and click [•] Add an Item and configure the recurring schedule for the rule.

							🕀 🔂	d an Ite
Profile Name	Modify		ID	Profile Name	Day of Week	Start Time	End Time	Modif
Weekdays	2 0							
Saturday	2 1	•		Day:				
				🔿 Weekday 🛛 🔾 Weekd	end 🔿 Every	y Day 🛛 🔾	Custom	
				Mon Tue	Wed 🗌 Thu	u 🗌 Fr	i 🗌 Sat	
				🗌 Sun				
				Fime: 24 hours				
				Start Time: Select 🔻	Select 🔻			
				End Time: Select 🔻	Select 🔻			

Figure 5-26 Add a Rule

• Scheduler Association

This zone will display different contents based on your selection of association mode in <u>Settings</u>.

1. Associated with SSID

1 TP-LINK_2.4GHz_ADBEE0 2.4GHz None v Radio Off	
	Ŧ
2 TP-LINK_5GHz_ADBEE1 5GHz None Radio Off	Ŧ

Figure 5-27 Scheduler Association_Associated with SSID

SSID Name:	Displays the SSID of the standalone AP.
Band:	Displays the frequency band which the wireless network operates at.
Profile Name:	Select a profile name from the drop-down list. Profile name is configured in Scheduler Profile Configuration.
Action:	Select Radio On/Off to turn on/off the wireless network during the time interval set for the profile.

2. Associated with AP

ID AP	AP MAC	Profile Name	Action		
1	EAP245-00-ea-de-ad-be-e0	00-EA-DE-AD-BE-E0	None v	Radio off	

AP:	Displays the name of the device.
AP MAC:	Displays the MAC address of the device.
Profile Name:	Select a profile name from the drop-down list. Profile name is configured in Scheduler Profile Configuration.
Action:	Select Radio On/Off to turn on/off the wireless network during the time interval set for the profile.

Figure 5-28 Scheduler Association_Associated with AP

5.5 QoS

The EAP supports Quality of Service (QoS) to prioritize voice and video traffic over other traffic types. In normal use, we recommend you keep the default values for the EAP devices and station EDCA (Enhanced Distributed Channel Access).

Network	Wireless	Monitoring	Management	System	
Wireless Settings	Portal	MAC Filtering	Scheduler	QoS Ro	gue AP Detectior
2.4GHz 5GHz	7				
Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMN P EDCA Parameters	4): 🗹 Enable				
Queue	Arbitration Inter-Frame Space	Minimum Contention Window	Maximum v Contention Windov	v Maximum Burst	
Data 0(Voice)	1	3 🔻	7 💌	1504	
Data 1(Video)	1	7	15 🔻	3008	
Data 2(Best Effort)	3	15 🔻	63 💌	0	
Data 3(Background)	7	15 🔻	1023 🔻	0	
ation EDCA Parame	ters				
Queue	Arbitration Inter-Frame Space	Minimum Contention Window	Maximum v Contention Windov	v TXOP Limit	
Data 0(Voice)	2	3 🔻	7 💌	1504	
Data 1(Video)	2	7 🔻	15 •	3008	
Data 2(Best Effort)	3	15 🔻	1023 🔻	0	
Data 3(Background)	7	15 🔻	1023 🔻	0	
No Acknowledgement:		Enable			
Unscheduled Automatic	c Power Save Delivery:	Enable			

Figure 5-29 QoS Page

2.4GHz/5GHz:	Select the 2.4GHz or 5GHz to show and configure the setting of 2.4GHz or 5GHz.
Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM):	By default, WMM is enabled. After WMM is enabled, the device has the QoS function to guarantee the transmission of audio and video packets with high priority.

5.5.1 AP EDCA Parameters

AP Enhanced Distributed Channel Access (EDCA) parameters affect traffic flowing from the EAP device to the client station.

Queue	Arbitration Inter-Frame Space	Minin Contention		Maxin Contention		Maximum Burst
Data 0(Voice)	1	3	Ŧ	7	Ŧ	1504
Data 1(Video)	1	7	Ŧ	15	•	3008
Data 2(Best Effort)	3	15	v	63	Ŧ	0
Data 3(Background)	7	15	•	1023	•	0

Queue:	Queue displays the transmission queue. By default, the priority from high to low is Data 0, Data 1, Data 2, and Data 3. The priority may be changed if you reset the EDCA parameters.
	Data 0 (Voice) —Highest priority queue, minimum delay. Time- sensitive data such as VoIP and streaming media are automatically sent to this queue.
	Data 1 (Video) —High priority queue, minimum delay. Time-sensitive video data is automatically sent to this queue.
	Data 2 (Best Effort) —Medium priority queue, medium throughput and delay. Most traditional IP data is sent to this queue.
	Data 3 (Background) —Lowest priority queue, high throughput. Bulk data that requires maximum throughput and is not time-sensitive is sent to this queue (FTP data, for example).
Arbitration Inter- Frame Space:	A wait time for data frames. The wait time is measured in slots. Valid values for Arbitration Inter-Frame Space are from 1 to 15.
Minimum Contention Window:	A list to the algorithm that determines the initial random backoff wait time (window) for retry of a transmission. This value cannot be higher than the value for the Maximum Contention Window .
Maximum Contention Window:	The upper limit (in milliseconds) for the doubling of the random backof value. This doubling continues until either the data frame is sent or the Maximum Contention Window size is reached. This value must be higher than the value for the Minimum Contentior Window.
Maximum Burst	The Maximum Burst is a AP EDCA parameter that applies only to traffic flowing from the EAP devices to the client station. This value specifies (in milliseconds) the maximum burst length allowed for packet bursts on the wireless network. A packet burst is a collection of multiple frames transmitted without header information. The decreased overhead results in higher throughput and better performance.
	The valid values are multiples of 32 between 0 and 8192.

5.5.2 Station EDCA Parameters

Queue	Arbitration Inter-Frame Space	Minir Contentior		Maxim Contention		TXOP Limit
Data 0(Voice)	2	3	Ŧ	7	Ŧ	1504
Data 1(Video)	2	7	Ŧ	15	Ŧ	3008
Data 2(Best Effort)	3	15	Ŧ	1023	Ŧ	0
Data 3(Background)	7	15	Ŧ	1023	Ŧ	0

Station EDCA parameters affect traffic flowing from the client station to the EAP device.

Figure 5-31 Station EDCA Parameters

Queue:	Queue displays the transmission queue. By default, the priority from high to low is Data 0, Data 1, Data 2, and Data 3. The priority may be changed if you reset the EDCA parameters.
	Data 0 (Voice) —Highest priority queue, minimum delay. Time- sensitive data such as VoIP and streaming media are automatically sent to this queue.
	Data 1 (Video) —High priority queue, minimum delay. Time- sensitive video data is automatically sent to this queue.
	Data 2 (Best Effort) —Medium priority queue, medium throughput and delay. Most traditional IP data is sent to this queue.
	Data 3 (Background) —Lowest priority queue, high throughput Bulk data that requires maximum throughput and is not time- sensitive is sent to this queue (FTP data, for example).
Arbitration Inter- Frame Space:	A wait time for data frames. The wait time is measured in slots Valid values for Arbitration Inter-Frame Space are from 0 to 15.
Minimum Contention Window:	A list to the algorithm that determines the initial random backoff wait time (window) for retry of a transmission. This value cannot be higher than the value for the Maximum Contention Window .
Maximum Contention Window:	The upper limit (in milliseconds) for the doubling of the random backoff value. This doubling continues until either the data frame is sent or the Maximum Contention Window size is reached.
	This value must be higher than the value for the Minimum Contention Window.

TXOP Limit:	The TXOP Limit is a station EDCA parameter and only applies to traffic flowing from the client station to the EAP device. The Transmission Opportunity (TXOP) is an interval of time, in milliseconds, when a WME client station has the right to initiate transmissions onto the wireless medium (WM) towards the EAP device. The valid values are multiples of 32 between 0 and 8192.
No Acknowledgement:	Select Enable to specify that the EAP device should not acknowledge frames with QosNoAck as the service class value. By default, it is disabled.
Unscheduled Automatic Power Save Delivery:	Select Enable to enable APSD, which is a power management method. APSD is recommended if VoIP phones access the network through the EAP device. By default, it is enabled.

5.6 Rogue AP Detection

A Rogue AP is an access point that has been installed on a secure network without explicit authorization from a system administrator.

The EAP device can scan all channels to detect all APs in the vicinity of the network. If rogue APs are detected, they are shown on the *Detected Rogue AP List*. If an AP listed as a rogue is legitimate, you can add it to the *Trusted AP List*.

Ptp-link				Acces	s Point 👻	«- ?	
Network	Wireless	Monitoring	Managemei	nt	System		
Wireless Settin	igs Portal	MAC Filtering	Schedule	er	QoS	Rogi	e AP Detection
Settings							
Rogue AP Detection	on: 🗌 Enable						
							Save
Detected Rogue	AP List						
							Q Scan
Action	MAC	SSID	Band	Channel	Security	Beacon Interval	Signal
Trusted AP List							
Action	MAC	SSID	Band	Channel		Security	
Dannela a d (Barala							
	up Trusted AP List						
Save Action: Source File Name:	DownLoad(PC to AP) O Backup(AP to PC) Browse					
File Management:	Replace O Merge						
							Save

Figure 5-32 Rogue AP Detection Page

5.6.1 Settings

Settings						
Rogue AP Detection:	Enable					
						Save

Figure 5-33 Enable Rogue AP Detection

Rogue AP Detection: Check the box to enable Rogue AP Detection, then click **Save**.

5.6.2 Detected Rogue AP List

Information about the detected rogue APs is displayed in the list. By default, the status of the detected rogue AP is unknown. You can click **Known** in Action column to move the AP to the Trusted AP List.

cted Rogue AP List						
a					Q Scan	
MAC	SSID	Band	Channel	Security	Beacon Interval	Signal
	МАС	MAC SSID	MAC SSID Band	MAC SSID Band Channel	MAC SSID Band Channel Security	MAC SSID Band Channel Security Beacon Interval

Figure 5-34 Detected Rogue AP List

Q Scan	Click to scan rogue APs. Make sure you have enabled Rogue AP Detection and saved the setting before you click the button.
Action:	Click Known to move the AP to the Trusted AP List. After the configurations are saved, the moved AP will not be displayed in the Detected Rogue AP List.
MAC:	The MAC address of the rogue AP.
SSID:	The SSID of the rogue AP.
Band:	Displays the frequency band which the wireless network of the rogue AP operates at.
Channel:	The channel on which the rogue AP is currently broadcasting.
Security:	Displays the enabling or disabling of the security mode of the wireless network.
Beacon Interval:	The beacon interval used by the rogue AP. Beacon frames are transmitted by an AP at regular intervals to announce the existence of the wireless network. The default behavior is to send a beacon frame once every 100 milliseconds (or 10 per second).
Signal:	The strength of the radio signal emitting from the rogue AP.

5.6.3 Trusted AP List

Information about the trusted APs is displayed in the list.

Tru	isted AP List	t				
	Action	МАС	SSID	Band	Channel	Security

Figure 5-35 Trusted AP List

Action:	Click Unknown to move the AP out of the Trusted AP List.
MAC:	The MAC address of the trusted AP.
SSID:	The SSID of the trusted AP.
Band:	Displays the frequency band which the wireless network of the trusted AP operates at.
Channel:	The channel on which the trusted AP is currently broadcasting.
Security:	Displays the enabling or disabling of the security mode of the wireless network.

5.6.4 Download/Backup Trusted AP List

You can import a list of trusted APs from a saved list which is acquired from another AP or created from a text file. The AP whose MAC address is in the Trusted AP List will not be detected as a rogue.

 Download/Backup Trusted AP List

 Save Action:

 DownLoad(PC to AP)
 Backup(AP to PC)

 Source File Name:

 Browse

 File Management:

 Replace

 Save

 Save

You can also backup a list and save it in your PC.

Figure 5-36 Download/Backup Trusted AP List

Save Action:	Select Download (PC to AP) to import a trusted AP list to the device. Select Backup (AP to PC) to copy the trusted AP list to your PC.
Source File Name:	Click Browse and choose the path of a saved trusted AP list or to save a trusted AP list.
File Management:	Select Replace to import the list and replace the contents of the Trusted AP List.
	Select Merge to import the list and add the APs in the imported file to the APs currently shown in the Trusted AP List

NOTE:

EAP device does not have any control over the APs in the Detected Rogue AP List.

Chapter 6 Monitoring

On *Monitoring* page, you can monitor the network running status and statistics based on AP, SSID and Client.

6.1 AP

AP List on the *Monitoring* page displays the device name, its MAC address and the number of clients. Below the AP List the AP's detailed information will be shown, including <u>Device Information</u>, <u>Wireless Settings</u>, <u>LAN Information</u>, <u>Client</u>, <u>LAN Traffic</u> and <u>Radio Traffic</u>.

Ptp-link					Access Point 🗸 💽 (?)				
	Network	Wireless Monit		oring Management			System		
			АР		SSID	Clie	nt		
AP	List								
								🕲 Refresh	
	ID	Device Name			MAC		Num of Clients		
	1	EAP245-00-ea-de-ad	EAP245-00-ea-de-ad-be-e0):EA:DE:AD:BE:E	EO	0		
Device Information Wireless Settings LAN Information Client LAN Traffic Radio Traffic									
	Device Name:	EAP245-00-ea-de	e-ad-be-e0						
	Device Model:	EAP245							
	Firmware Versio	on: 1.0.0 Build 20160	1.0.0 Build 20160809 Rel. 60119						
:	System Time:	2014-01-01 18:4	2014-01-01 18:43:15						
	Uptime: 0 days 18:43:16								
	CPU:			1%					
	Memory:			46%					

Figure 6-1 AP Monitoring

6.1.1 AP List

P List			
			🕲 Refresh
ID	Device Name	МАС	Num of Clients
1	EAP245-00-ea-de-ad-be-e0	00:EA:DE:AD:BE:E0	0

Figure 6-2 AP List

Device Name:	Displays the device name.
MAC:	Displays the MAC address of the EAP.
Num of Clients:	Displays the number of clients connected to the EAP.

Device Information

Device Information Wireless Settings LAN Information Client LAN Traffic Radio Traffic					
Device Name:	EAP245-00-ea-de-ad-be-e0				
Device Model:	EAP245				
Firmware Version:	1.0.0 Build 20160809 Rel. 60119				
System Time:	2014-01-01 18:43:15				
Uptime:	0 days 18:43:16				
CPU:	1%				
Memory:	46%				

Figure 6-3 Device Information

Device Name:	Displays the device name.					
Device Model:	Displays the model of the device.					
Firmware Version:	Displays the firmware version of the device. If you want to upgrade the firmware, please refer to <u>8.5 Firmware Upgrade</u> .					
System Time:	Displays the system time of the device. If you want to adjust the system time, please refer to <u>8.2.1 Time Settings</u> .					
Uptime:	Displays the time that has elapsed since the last reboot.					

CPU	Displays the CPU occupancy, which helps you to preliminarily judge whether the device functions properly.
Memory:	Displays the memory usage , which helps you to preliminarily judge whether the device functions properly.

• Wireless Settings

Device Information Wireless Settings LAN Information Client LAN Traffic Radio Traffic						
2.4GHz 5GHz						
Channel/Frequency:	4 / 2427MHz					
Channel Width:	20/40MHz					
IEEE802.11 Mode:	b/g/n mixed					
Max TX Rate:	450.0Mbps					
Transmit Power:	20dBm					
	Figure 6-4 Wireless Settings					
2.4GHz/5GHz:	Choose one band to view the information about wireless setting.					
Channel/Frequency	Displays the channel number and the operating frequency. If you want to change them, please refer to <u>5.1.1 Wireless Basic</u> <u>Settings</u> .					
Channel Width:	Displays the spectral width of the radio channel used by the device. If you want to change it, refer to <u>5.1.1 Wireless Basic</u> <u>Settings</u> .					
IEEE802.11 Mode:	Displays the radio standard used for operation of your device. If you want to change it, refer to <u>5.1.1 Wireless Basic Settings</u> .					
Max TX Rate:	Displays the maximum data rate at which the device should transmit wireless packets.					
Transmit Power:	Displays the maximum average transmit power of the device. If you want to change it, refer to <u>5.1.1 Wireless Basic Settings</u> .					

LAN Information

Device Information W	Device Information Wireless Settings LAN Information Client LAN Traffic Radio Traffic				
MAC Address:	00-EA-DE-AD-BE-E0				
IP Address:	192.168.0.245				
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0				
LAN Port:	1000Mbps - FD				
Figure 6-5 LAN Information					

Figure 6-5 LAN Inf	ormation
--------------------	----------

MAC Address:	Displays the MAC address of the device.				
IP Address:	Displays the IP address of the device.				
Subnet Mask:	Displays the subnet mask of the device.				
LAN Port:	Displays the maximum transmission rate and duplex mode (half-duplex or full-duplex) of the port.				

Client

vice Informa	ation Wireless Se	ettings LA	AN Information Client	LAN Tra	iffic Radio	o Traffic			
ID	MAC	Band	SSID	SNR(dB)	CCQ(%)	Rate(Mbps)	Down(Byte)	Up(Byte)	Active Time

Figure 6-6 Client

MAC:	Displays the MAC address of the client of the AP selected in AP List.
SSID:	Displays the SSID the client is connected to.
SNR(dB):	Signal to Noise Ratio, the power ratio between the received wireless signal strength and the environmental noise strength. The bigger the value of SNR is, the better network performance the device provides.
CCQ(%):	Displays the wireless Client Connection Quality (CCQ). CCQ refers to the ratio of current effective transmission bandwidth and the theoretically maximum available bandwidth. CCQ reflects the actual link condition.
Rate(Mbps):	Displays the data rate at which the client transmits wireless packets.
Down(Byte):	Displays the throughput of the downstream data.
Up(Byte):	Displays the throughput of the upstream data.
Active Time:	Displays the amount of time the client has been connected to the device.

LAN Traffic

Click LAN Traffic and you can monitor the data transmission status of the LAN port.

Device Information Wirel	less Settings LAN Information	Client LAN Traffic R	adio Traffic
Rx Packets:	56882	Tx Packets:	46990
Rx Bytes:	15932690	Tx Bytes:	34750426
Rx Dropped Packets:	3	Tx Dropped Packets:	0
Rx Errors:	0	Tx Errors:	0

Figure 6-7 LAN Traffic

Rx/Tx Packets:	Displays the total amount of packets received/sent on the LAN port.
Rx/Tx Bytes:	Displays the total amount of data (in bytes) received/sent on the LAN port.
Rx/Tx Dropped Packets:	Displays the total amount of dropped packets received/sent on the LAN port.
Rx/Tx Errors:	Displays the total amount of error packets received/sent-on the LAN port.

Radio Traffic

Click **Radio Traffic** and you can monitor the data transmission status of the wireless network.

Device Information Wirel	less Settings LAN Information	Client LAN Traffic R	adio Traffic
2.4GHz 5GHz			
Rx Packets:	5615454	Tx Packets:	1457368
Rx Bytes:	690527712	Tx Bytes:	0
Rx Dropped Packets:	0	Tx Dropped Packets:	0
Rx Errors:	0	Tx Errors:	0

Figure 6-8 Radio Traffic

2.4GHz/5GHz:	Choose one band to show the information about radio traffic.
Rx/Tx Packets:	Displays the total amount of packets received/sent by the wireless network.
Rx/Tx Bytes:	Displays the total amount of data (in bytes) received/sent by the wireless network.

Rx/Tx Dropped Packets:	Displays the total amount of dropped packets received/sent by the wireless network.
Rx/Tx Errors:	Displays the total amount of error packets received/sent by the wireless network.

6.2 SSID

t	p-link						A	ccess Poir	nt 🗸 🌜	- ?	
Ne	twork \	Wireless	5	Monit	oring	Manage	ment	Sy	stem		
				AP		SSID	Clier	nt			
(D Li	st										() Refres
											U
ID	SSID Name	VLAN ID	Num of Clients	SSID Broadcast	Band	Security	Portal	MAC Filtering	Isolation	Down(Byte)	
ID	SSID Name TP- LINK_2.4GHz_ADBE E0	VLAN ID			Band 2.4GHz	Security none	Portal disable		Isolation disable	Down(Byte)	

Figure 6-9 SSID Monitoring

6.2.1 SSID List

In *SSID List* you can monitor the related parameters of the wireless network.

											🕲 Refres
ID	SSID Name	VLAN ID	Num of Clients		Band	Security	Portal	MAC Filtering	Isolation	Down(Byte)	Up(Byte)
1	TP- LINK_2.4GHz_ADBE E0	0	0	enable	2.4GHz	none	disable	disable	disable	0	0
2	TP- LINK_5GHz_ADBEE1	0	0	enable	5GHz	none	disable	disable	disable	0	0

Figure 6-10 SSID List

SSID Name:	Displays the SSID name. If you want to modify it, please refer to <u>5.1.2</u> <u>SSIDs</u> .
VLAN ID:	Displays the VLAN which the SSID belongs to. If you want to change the VLAN ID, please refer to <u>5.1.2 SSIDs</u> .
Num of Clients:	Displays the number of clients connected to the SSID. If you want to get more information about these clients, please refer to <u>5.1.2 SSIDs</u> .

SSID Broadcast:	Displays the enabling or disabling of SSID broadcast. If you want to modify it, please refer to <u>5.1.2 SSIDs</u> .
Band:	Displays the frequency band the wireless network is operating at.
Security:	Displays the security mode the wireless network is applying. If you want to modify it, please refer to <u>5.1.2 SSIDs</u> .
Portal:	Displays the enabling or disabling of Portal. If you want to modify it, please refer to <u>5.1.2 SSIDs</u> .
MAC Filtering:	Displays the enabling or disabling of MAC Filtering. If you want to modify it, please refer to <u>5.1.2 SSIDs</u> .
Isolation:	Displays the enabling or disabling of SSID Isolation. If you want to modify it, please refer to <u>5.1.2 SSIDs</u> .
Down(Byte):	Displays the throughput of the downstream data.
Up(Byte):	Displays the throughput of the upstream data.

6.3 Client

From *User List*, you can monitor the status of all the clients connected to the EAP including those who are authenticated.

Net	work	Wirele	ss Mo	onitoring	Mai	nageme	nt	System			
			AP		SSID		Client				
er List	t										
										() F	Refresh
ID	MAC	Band	Access Point	SSID	SNR(dB))CCQ(%)	Rate(Mbps)	Down(Byte)	Up(Byte)	Active Ti	me
tal A	uthenticated	Guest									
										() F	Refresh
ID	MAC	Band	Access Point	SSID	SNR(dB)CCQ(%)	Rate(Mbps)	Down(Byte)	Up(Byte)	Active Time	Action

Figure 6-11 Client Monitoring

6.3.1 User List

	🔘 Ref
MAC Band Access Point SSID SNR(dB) CCQ(%) Rate(Mbps) Down(Byte) Up	(Byte) Active Time

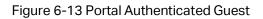
Figure 6-12 User List

MAC:	Displays the MAC address of the client.
Band:	Displays the band the client is in.
Access Point:	Displays the name of the device to which the client is connected.
SSID:	Displays the SSID the client is connected to.
SNR(dB):	Signal to Noise Ratio, the power ratio between the received wireless signal strength and the environmental noise strength. The bigger the value of SNR, the better network performance the device provides.
CCQ(%):	Displays the wireless Client Connection Quality (CCQ). CCQ refers to the ratio of current effective transmission bandwidth and the theoretically maximum available bandwidth. CCQ reflects the actual link condition.
Rate(Mbps):	Displays the data rate at which the client transmits wireless packets.
Down(Byte):	Displays the throughput of the downstream data.
Up(Byte):	Displays the throughput of the upstream data.
Active Time:	Displays the amount of time the client has been connected to the device.

6.3.2 Portal Authenticated Guest

The *Portal Authenticated Guest* displays information about clients that have set up valid authentication.

tal Authenticated Guest											
										() F	Refresh
ID	MAC	Band	Access Point	SSID	SNR(dB)	CCQ(%)	Rate(Mbps)	Down(Byte)	Up(Byte)	Active Time	Action



MAC:	Displays the MAC address of the authenticated client.
Band:	Displays the band the authenticated client is in.
Access Point:	Displays the name of the device to which the authenticated client i connected
SSID:	Displays the SSID the authenticated client is connected to.
SNR(dB):	Signal to Noise Ratio, the power ratio between the received wireles signal strength and the environmental noise strength. The bigger th value of SNR, the better network performance the device provides.
CCQ(%):	Displays the Client Connection Quality (CCQ) of the authenticated clien CCQ refers to the ratio of current effective transmission bandwidth an the theoretically maximum available bandwidth. CCQ reflects the actual link condition.
Rate(Mbps):	Displays the data rate at which the authenticated client transmits wireles packets.
Down(Byte):	Displays the throughput of the downstream data.
Up(Byte):	Displays the throughput of the upstream data.
Active Time:	Displays the amount of time the client has been authenticated on the roc AP.
Action:	Click Unauthorize to stop giving authorization to the clients connected t

Chapter 7 Management

Management page is mainly used for device management and maintenance.

7.1 System Log

System log records information about hardware, software as well as system issues and monitors system events. With the help of system log, you can get informed of system running status and detect the reasons for failure.

Netv	vork Wirele	ess Monitorir	ng Man	agement		ystem	
tem Log	Web Server	Management Access	LED ON/OF	F	SSH	Management VLAN	SNMP
og List							
						() F	Refresh
Index	Time	Туре	Level			Log Content	
13	2014-01-01 16:33:23	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP and	mask chang	ed to 192.168.0.245 255.255.255.	.0
12	2014-01-01 00:54:00	OTHER	WARNING	Userna	ame and pas	sword are successfully updated	
11	2014-01-01 00:52:40	DHCP	NOTICE	DHCP	C DHCP Serv	ice unavailable, recv no OFFER	
10	2014-01-01 00:52:24	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP and mask changed to 192.168.0.254 255.255.255.0			0
9	2014-01-01 00:50:47	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP and mask changed to 192.168.0.1 255.255.255.0			
8	8 2014-01-01 00:50:41 OTHER		WARNING	LAN IP and mask changed to 192.168.0.254 255.255.255.0			.0
7	2014-01-01 00:48:48	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP and mask changed to 192.168.0.242 255.255.255.0		.0	
6	2014-01-01 00:48:42	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP and mask changed to 192.168.0.254 255.255.255.0		.0	
5	2014-01-01 00:48:11	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP an	d mask char	ged to 192.168.0.1 255.255.255.0	
4	2014-01-01 00:48:05	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP and	mask chang	ed to 192.168.0.254 255.255.255.	.0
						< 1 :	2 >
og Setti	ngs						
Enable Auto Mail: Auto Mail Feature							
Enable S	erver: Enal	ble Server					
Enable N	Ivram: 🗌 Enal	ble Nvram					

Following is the page of *System Log*.

Figure 7-1 System Log Page

7.1.1 Log List

From *Log List* you can view detailed information about hardware, software, system issues and so on.

				(b) Rel
Index	Time	Туре	Level	Log Content
13	2014-01-01 16:33:23	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP and mask changed to 192.168.0.245 255.255.255.
12	2014-01-01 00:54:00	OTHER	WARNING	Username and password are successfully updated
11	2014-01-01 00:52:40	DHCP	NOTICE	DHCPC DHCP Service unavailable, recv no OFFER
10	2014-01-01 00:52:24	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP and mask changed to 192.168.0.254 255.255.255.
9	2014-01-01 00:50:47	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP and mask changed to 192.168.0.1 255.255.255.0
8	2014-01-01 00:50:41	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP and mask changed to 192.168.0.254 255.255.255.
7	2014-01-01 00:48:48	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP and mask changed to 192.168.0.242 255.255.255.
6	2014-01-01 00:48:42	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP and mask changed to 192.168.0.254 255.255.255.
5	2014-01-01 00:48:11	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP and mask changed to 192.168.0.1 255.255.255.0
4	2014-01-01 00:48:05	OTHER	WARNING	LAN IP and mask changed to 192.168.0.254 255.255.255.0

Figure 7-2 Log List

7.1.2 Log Settings

You can choose the way to receive system logs in *Log Settings* zone, where these parameters can be configured: <u>Enable Auto Mail</u>, <u>Enable Server</u> and <u>Enable Nvram</u>.

Log Settings						
Auto Mail Feature						
Enable Server						
Enable Nvram						
Save	÷					
	Enable Server Enable Nvram					

Figure 7-3 Log Settings

• Enable Auto Mail

If Auto Mail Feature is enabled, system logs will be sent to a mailbox. The following content will be shown.

Auto Mail Feature
Enable Authentication
Fixation Time O Period

Figure 7-4 Enable Auto Mail

From:	Enter the sender's email address.
То:	Enter the recipient's email address, which will receive the system logs.
SMTP Server:	Enter the IP address of the SMTP server.
Enable Authentication:	Generally users are required to log in to the SMTP server by entering user name and password.
	• User Name: Enter the sender's email address.
	• Password : Enter the password of the sender's email address.
	Confirm Password: Enter the password again for confirmation.
Time Mode:	System logs can be sent at specific time or time interval.
	• Fixation Time : Set a fixed time, for example, 15:00. The recipient will receive the system logs sent by the device at 15:00 every day.
	• Period Time: Set a time interval, for example, 5 hours. The recipient

Enable Server

System logs can also be sent to a server. After Enable Server is enabled, the following content will be shown.

Enable Server:	Enable Server
System Log Server IP:	0.0.0.0
System Log Server Port:	514

Figure 7-5 Enable Server

System Log Server IP:	Enter the IP address of the remote server.
System Log Server Port:	Enter the port of the remote server.

Enable Nvram

By default, Nvram is disabled. Check the box to enable Nvram, system logs will be saved after power supply is cut.

Nvram (Non-volatile Random Access Memory) is a RAM that can still save data even if a device is power off. All TP-Link EAPs are equipped with Nvram. With this option enabled, the Nvram feature can help reserve the system logs when an EAP device is power off.

7.2 Web Server

You can log in web management interface, thereby manage and maintain the device. Following is the page of *Web Server*.

Ptp-link			Access Point 👻 🗲 🕐			
Network	Wireless	Monitoring	Manageme	ent	System	
System Log Web S	erver Mana	agement Access	LED ON/OFF	SSH	Management VLAN	SNMP
Web Server						
HTTPS:	Enable					
Secure Server Port:	443					
Server Port:	80					
Session Timeout:	15	minutes				
Note: Please enter the EAP's	IP address to acces	s the web-based configura	tion utility via an HTTI	PS connection.		Save

HTTPS:	HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure) is enabled by default.
Secure Server Port:	Designate a secure server port for web server in HTTPS mode. By default the port is 443.

Server Port:	Designate a server port for web server in HTTP mode. By default the port is 80.
Session Timeout:	Set the session timeout time. If you do nothing with the web management page within the timeout time, the system will log out automatically. Please login again if you want to go back to web management page.

7.3 Management Access

Management Access Control allows you to configure up to four MAC addresses of the hosts that are allowed to log in to the web management page of the EAP. Click **Add PC's MAC** and the MAC address of the current host will be added to MAC address list.

Following is the page of *Management Access*.

Ptp-link				Access	Point 🗸 🔚 ?	
Network	Wireless	Monitoring	Managem	ent	System	
System Log Web S	erver Manag	ement Access	LED ON/OFF	SSH	Management VLAN	SNMP
Management Acces	s Control					
MAC Authentication:	Enable					
MAC1:	AA-BB-CC-DD-E	E-FF				
MAC2:	AA-BB-CC-DD-E	E-FF				
MAC3:	AA-BB-CC-DD-E	E-FF				
MAC4:	AA-BB-CC-DD-E	E-FF				
	Add PC's MAC					
						Save

Figure 7-7 Management Access Page

MAC Authentication:	Check the box to enable MAC Authentication. After MAC Authentication is enabled, only the PCs in MAC address list can log in the device's web management page. By default this function is disabled. All PCs in LAN can log in and manage the device.
MAC1~MAC4:	Enter the MAC addresses of the PCs which are authorized to log in the device.

7.4 LED ON/OFF

Following is the page of *LED ON/OFF*. By default the LED is on.

Ptp-link	<			Acces	s Point 👻 🗲 ?	
Network	Wireles	ss Monitoring	Management	i i	System	
System Log	Web Server	Management Access	LED ON/OFF	SSH	Management VLAN	SNMP
LED ON/OFF						
LED:	Enable					
						Save

Figure 7-8 LED ON/OFF

7.5 SSH

This device supports the SSH Server function that allows users to login and manage it through SSH connection on the SSH client software.

SSH (Secure Shell) is a security protocol established on application and transport layers. SSH-encrypted-connection is similar to a telnet connection, but essentially the old telnet remote management method is not safe, because the password and data transmitted with plain-text can be easily intercepted. SSH can provide information security and powerful authentication when you login this device remotely through an insecure network environment. It can encrypt all the transmission data and prevent the information in remote management from being leaked.

	ĸ			Access	Point 🗸 🗲 ?	
Network	Wireless	s Monitoring	Managem	ient	System	
System Log	Web Server	Management Access	LED ON/OFF	SSH	Management VLAN	SNMP
SSH Server						
Server Port:	22	(22,1025	5-65535)			
SSH Login:	Enabl	e				
						Save

Following is the page of *SSH*.

Figure 7-9 SSH Page

Server Port:	Enter the server port. By default, it is port 22.					
SSH Login:	Check the box to enable SSH Server. By default, it is disabled.					

7.6 Management VLAN

Management VLAN provides a safer way for you to manage the EAP. With Management VLAN enabled, only the hosts in the management VLAN can manage the EAP. Since most hosts cannot process VLAN TAGs, connect the management host to the network via a switch, and set up correct VLAN settings for the switches on the network to ensure the communication between the host and the EAP in the management VLAN.

Following is the page of *Management VLAN*.

Ptp-link				Access Point	· • ?	
Network	Wireless	Monitoring	Management	Syst	tem	
System Log Web	Server Manage	ement Access	LED ON/OFF	SSH	Management VLAN	SNMP
Management VLA	N					
Management VLAN	Enable					
Management VLAN	ID: 1	(1-4094)				
						Save

Figure 7-10 Management VLAN Page

Management VLAN:	Enable Management VLAN.
Management VLAN ID:	Specify the Management VLAN ID. The valid values are from 1 to 4094.

7.7 SNMP

The device can be configured as an SNMP agent.

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol), the most widely applied network management protocol, provides a management framework to monitor and maintain Internet devices. Main functions of SNMP include monitoring network performance, detecting and analyzing network error, configuring network devices, and so on. When networks function properly, SNMP can perform the functions of statistics, configuration and testing. When networks have troubles, SNMP can detect and restore these troubles.

An SNMP consists of three key components: manager, agent and MIB (Management Information Base). SNMP manager is a client program operating at workstation, assisting network administrators to accomplish most network device management tasks. An agent is a network-management software module that resides on a managed device and responsible for receiving and dealing with data sent by managing device. Generally the

managed devices are network devices including hosts, bridges, switches and routers. MIB is the collection of managed devices. It defines a series of properties of the managed devices. Every SNMP agent has its own MIB.

Once the device has become an SNMP agent, it is able to receive and process request messages from SNMP manager.

Ptp-lin	k				Acces	s Point 👻 🗲 🕐	
Network	w	ireless	Monitoring	Management		System	
System Log	Web Server	Managen	nent Access	LED ON/OFF	SSH	Management VLAN	SNMP
SNMP Agent							
SNMP Agent	: [] Enable					
SysContact:							
SysName:							
SysLocation	:						
Get Commu	nity:	public					
Get Source:		0.0.0					
Set Commun	ity:	private					
Set Source:		0.0.0					
							Save

Following is the page of *SNMP*.

Figure 7-11 SNMP Page

SNMP Agent:	Enable SNMP Agent and the SNMP Agent will collect the information of this device and respond to information requests from one or more management systems.
SysContact:	Enter the textual identification of the contact person for this managed node.
SysName:	Enter an administratively-assigned name for this managed node.
SysLocation:	Enter the physical location of this managed node.
Get Community:	Community refers to a host group aiming at network management. Get Community only has the read-only right of the device's SNMP information. The community name can be considered a group password. The default setting is public.
Get Source:	Defines the IP address (for example, 10.10.10.1) or subnet for management systems that can serve as Get Community to read the SNMP information of this device. The format of subnet is "IP address/bit" (such as 10.10.10.0/24). The default is 0.0.0.0, which means all hosts can read the SNMP information of this device.

Set Community:	Set Community has the read and write right of the device's SNMP information. Enter the community name that allows read/write access to the device's SNMP information. The community name can be considered a group password. The default setting is private.
Set Source:	Defines the IP address (for example, 10.10.10.1) or subnet for management systems that can serve as Set Community to read and write the SNMP information of this device. The format of subnet is "IP address/bit" (such as 10.10.10.0/24). The default is 0.0.0.0, which means all hosts can read and write the SNMP information of this device.

NOTE:

Defining community can allow management systems in the same community to communicate with the SNMP Agent. The community name can be seen as the shared password of the network hosts group. Thus, for the security, we suggest modifying the default community name before enabling the SNMP Agent service. If the field of community is blank, the SNMP Agent will not respond to any community name.

Chapter 8 System

System page is mainly used to configure some basic information like user account and time, and realize functions including reboot, reset, backup, restore and upgrade the device.

8.1 User Account

You can change the username and password to protect your device from unauthorized login. We recommend that you change the default user password on the very first system setup.

Ptp-link				Access Poir	t y 🗲 ?	
Network	Wireless	Monitoring	Manag	ement Sy	stem	
User Acc	count Time :	Settings Reb	oot/Reset	Backup & Restore	Firmware Upgrade	
Account Manageme	ent					
Old User Name:						
Old Password:						
New User Name:						
New Password:						
Confirm New Passwo	Low Middle	e High				
						Save

Figure 8-1 User Account Page

Old User Name/Password:	Enter the present user name and password of the admin account to get the permission of modification.							
New User Name/Password:	Enter a new user name and password for the admin account. Both values are case-sensitive, up to 64 characters and with no space. New Password must not be "admin"							
Confirm New Password:	Enter the new password again.							

8.2 Time Settings

System time represents the device system's notion of the passing of time. System time is the standard time for Scheduler and other time-based functions. You can manually set

the system time, configure the system to acquire its time settings from a preconfigured NTP server or synchronize the system time with the PC's clock.

The device supports DST	(Daylight Saving Time).
	(

Ptp-link				Acces	s Point 👻 🗲) ?
Network	Wireless	Monitoring	Manage	ement	System	
User Accou	int Time Sett	ings Reboot	/Reset	Backup & Resto	ore Firmwa	are Upgrade
Time Settings						
Time zone:	(GMT+08:00) Beijin	g, Hong Kong, Perth, S	ingapore	.		
Date:	01/01/2014	MM/DD/YYYY				
Time:	19 🔻 : 03 🖓	· : 37 ▼ (HH/M	IM/SS)			
Primary NTP Server:		(optional)				
Secondary NTP Server:		(optional)				
	Get GMT Synch	onize PC's Clock				
						Save
Daylight Saving						
Daylight Saving:	Enable					
Mode:	Predefined Mode	O Recurring Mode	O Date Mode			
Predefine Country:	European 🔻					
						Save

Figure 8-2 Time Settings

8.2.1 Time Settings

ime Settings		
Time zone:	(GMT+08:00) Beijing, Ho	ng Kong, Perth, Singapore 🔹 🔻
Date:	01/01/2014	MM/DD/YYYY
Time:	19 🔻 : 03 🔻 :	37 🔻 (HH/MM/SS)
Primary NTP Server:		(optional)
Secondary NTP Server:		(optional)
	Get GMT Synchronize	e PC's Clock

Figure 8-3 Time Settings

Get GMT	Click the button and the device will obtain GMT time from NTP
	server. IP address of the NTP server has to be filled in.

Synchronize PC's Clock	Click the button and save the configuration, your PC's time will be obtained as the device's system time.					
Time zone:	Select your local time zone from the drop-down list.					
Date:Set the current date, in format MM/DD/YYYY. For example November 25, 2014, enter 11/25/2014 in the field.						
Time:	Specify the device's time. Select the number from the drop-down list in time format HH/MM/SS.					
Primary/Secondary NTP Server:	If you've selected Get GMT from an NTP server, please input the primary NTP sever address and an alternative NTP server address.					

8.2.2 Daylight Saving

Daylight Saving		
Daylight Saving:	Enable	
Mode:	Predefined Mode O Recurring Mode O Date Mode	
Predefine Country:	European 🔻	
		Save

Figure 8-4 Daylight Saving

Daylight Saving:	Enable or disable the DST. DST is disabled by default.
Mode:	Options include Predefined Mode, Recurring Mode and Date Mode. Please refer to the following content for more information.

Predefined Mode

Mode:	Predefined Mode	O Recurring Mode	○ Date Mode	
Predefine Country:	European 🔻			
	USA			
	European			
	Australia			
	New Zealand			

Figure 8-5 Predefined Mode

Mode:	Select Predefined Mode.
Predefine Country:	Select a predefined DST configuration. Europe is the predefined country by default.

- USA: Second Sunday in March, 02:00 ~ First Sunday in November, 02:00
- European: Last Sunday in March, 01:00 ~ Last Sunday in October, 01:00
- Australia: First Sunday in October, 02:00 ~ First Sunday in April, 03:00
- New Zealand: Last Sunday in September, 02:00 ~ First Sunday in April, 03:00

• Recurring Mode

Mode:	O Predefined Mode Recurring Mode Date Mode												
Time Offset:	60		minutes(1-180)										
Start:	Last	Ŧ	Sun	Ŧ	in	Mar	Ŧ	at	01	Ŧ	:	00	Ŧ
End:	Last	Ψ.	Sun	Ŧ	in	Oct		at	01	Ψ.	:	00	Ψ.

Figure 8-6 Recurring Mode

Mode:	le: Select Recurring Mode . The configuration is recurring in use.							
Time Offset:	Specify the time adding in minutes when Daylight Saving Time comes.							
Start/End:	Select starting time and ending time of Daylight Saving Time.							

Date Mode

Mode:	○ Predefined Mode ○ Recurring Mode ● Date Mode											
Time Offset:	60		minutes(1-180)									
Start:	2014	Ŧ	- Mar		01	Ψ.	at	01		:	00	Ŧ
End:	2014	Ψ.	- Oct		01	Ψ.	at	01		:	00	Ŧ

Figure 8-7 Date Mode

Mode:	Select Date Mode.
Time Offset:	Specify the time adding in minutes when Daylight Saving Time comes.
Start/End:	Select starting time and ending time of Daylight Saving Time.

8.3 Reboot/Reset

Ptp-link			Acces	s Point 🗸 🗲 🤅)
Network	Wireless	Monitoring	Management	System	
User	Account Time	Settings Reboot	/Reset Backup & Resto	ore Firmware U	pgrade
Reboot & Reset					
Reboot Device:	Reboot				
Reset to Factory Defa	ult: Reset				

Figure 8-8 Reboot & Reset

Click **Reboot** to restart the device. Click **Reset** to restore the device to factory default settings.

8.4 Backup & Restore

Ptp-link				Access Point 🗸 🔄 ?				
Network	Wireless	Monitoring	Management	Sys	tem			
User	Account Time	e Settings Reboo	t/Reset Backup	& Restore	Firmware Upgrade			
Backup								
Save a copy of curr	ent settings.					Backup		
						Баскир		
Restore								
Restore saved sett	ings from a file.		-					
File:		Browse						
						Restore		

Figure 8-9 Backup & Restore

You can save the current configuration of the EAP as a backup file and restore the configuration via a backup file. To prevent the settings from being lost, we recommend that you back up the settings before you upgrade the device or upload a new configuration file.

Restore function helps you to restore the device to previous settings by uploading a backup file.

8.5 Firmware Upgrade

Ptp-link			Ą	access Point 👻 🧲) ?
Network	Wireless	Monitoring	Management	System	
User A	ccount Time S	ettings Reboo	t/Reset Backup & F	Restore Firmw a	are Upgrade
Firmware Upgrad		Browse			
Warning: The firmware upgrad	le process takes a couple	of minutes. Please do no	t power off the device until t	he process finishes.	Upgrade

Figure 8-10 Firmware Upgrade

Please log in <u>http://www.tp-link.com/</u> to download the latest system file. Click **Browse** to choose the firmware file. Click **Upgrade** to upgrade the devices.

NOTE:

- 1. Please select the proper software version that matches your hardware to upgrade.
- 2. To avoid damage, please do not turn off the device while upgrading.
- **3.** After upgrading, the device will reboot automatically.