

Installation instructions sonnenBatterie eco 8.2 – for authorised electricians–

sonnen

EN

IMPORTANT

- ▶ Read this documentation carefully before installation.
- ► Retain this document for reference purposes.

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This document relates to the following product:				
Product designation	sonnenBatterie eco 8.2			

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1 Information about this document

This document describes the installation of the sonnenBatterie eco 8.0. Observe the following points:

- ▶ Read this document in its entirety before beginning the installation work.
- ▶ Keep this document in the vicinity of the sonnenBatterie.

1.1 Target group of this document

This document is intended for authorised electricians.

The actions described here must only be performed by authorised electricians.

1.2 Designations in this document

The following designations are used in this document:

Table 1:	Complete designation	Designation in this document
ignations in this document	sonnenBatterie eco 8.0	storage system

1.3 Explanation of symbols

ANGER Extremely dangerous situation leading to certain death or serious injury if the safety information is not observed.

 ARRNING Dangerous situation leading to potential death or serious injury if the safety information is not observed.

 AUTION Dangerous situation leading to potential injury if the safety information is not observed.

 Notice Indicates actions that may cause material damage.

 Important information not associated with any risks to people or property.

Table 2: Additional symbols

Symbol	Meaning		
	Work step		
1. 2. 3	Work steps in a defined order		
•	List		

2 Safety

2.1 Intended Use

The sonnenBatterie eco 8.0 is a battery storage system which can be used to store electrical energy. Improper use of this system poses a risk of death or injury to the user or third parties as well as damage to the product and other items of value.

The following points must therefore be observed in order to comply with the intended use of the product:

- The storage system must be fully installed in accordance with the installation instructions.
- The storage system must be installed by a qualified electrician.
- The storage system must only be used at a suitable installation location.
- The transport and storage conditions must be observed.

Failure to comply with the conditions of the warranty and the information specified in this document invalidates any warranty claims.

2.2 Requirements for the electrician

The storage system must only be installed and commissioning by authorised electricians. Authorised electricians must meet the following criteria:

- The company for which the electrician works must be certified by sonnen GmbH.
- The electrician must be considered competent and registered to work to the UK national safety standard (BS 7671).
- The electrician must have successfully complete sonnen GmbH certification training for this product.

2.3 General safety information

Only use the storage system in its original state – without any unauthorised modifications – and when it is in proper working order.

Ensure that all protective devices are working properly.

2.3.1 Danger due to incorrect operation

Incorrect operation puts you and others at risk and could cause material damage.

Read through these instructions and all further applicable documents carefully, paying special attention to the chapters on safety and warnings.

The device must not be opened during operation.

Manipulating the cabling inside can lead to short circuits/arcs during operation, thus posing a risk of burns and electrocution.

2.3.2 Danger to life due to explosive and flammable materials

Do not use the storage system in potentially explosive environments.

2.3.3 Danger to life due to product modifications or changes to the product environment

- ▶ Never block or bypass the protective devices.
- ► Never modify the protective devices.
- Do not make changes to the storage system.
- Do not make changes to the electrical and data supply lines.

2.3.4 Conduct in case of a fire / Important information for fire services

Fire may occur with electrical equipment despite its careful design. Likewise, a fire in the vicinity of the equipment can cause the storage system to catch fire, releasing the contents of the battery modules.

 Observe the warnings about the risk of injury/burns due to the escape of electrolyte (see section 2.5 – pg. 9).

In the event of a fire in the vicinity of the product or in the storage system itself, proceed as follows:

Only firefighters with appropriate protective equipment (safety gloves, safety clothing, face guard, breathing protection) are permitted to enter the room where the burning storage system is located.

There is a danger of electrocution when extinguishing fire while the storage system is switched on. Therefore, before starting to extinguish the fire:

- Switch off the storage system.
- Switch off the mains fuses in the building.

If the storage system and/or mains fuses cannot be safely switched off:

 Observe the minimum distances specified in DIN VDE 0132 for the extinguishing agent used.

The storage system works with an output voltage of 400 V (AC) and is therefore considered a low-voltage system.

A storage system fire can be extinguished using conventional extinguishing agents.

▶ Water is recommended as an extinguishing agent in order to cool the battery modules and therefore prevent thermal runaway in battery modules which are still intact.

Information on the battery modules:

- The battery modules have a nominal voltage of 51.2 V (DC) and therefore fall into the range of protected extra-low voltage (under 60 V DC).
- The battery modules do not contain metallic lithium.

Further information can be found in the following document: *Merkblatt für Einsatzkräfte – Einsatz an stationären Lithium Solarstromspeichern* (Information sheet for electricians – Use on stationary lithium solar energy storage systems, published by the German Solar Association, or BSW – Bundesverband der Solarwirtschaft e.V.)

2.4 Regulations (directives, laws, standards)

Observe all relevant, currently applicable national regulations, especially the following:

• Regulations of the local power supply companies.

This list presents only a selection and does not claim to be exhaustive. The authorised electrician is responsible for knowing and observing all of the regulations relevant to their work.

2.5 Warnings

This section contains specific warnings that must always be observed when working with the product.

Danger to life due to electrocution!

Touching components inside the storage system poses a danger to life due to electrocution.

- Do not touch any components.
- Do not remove any plastic covers.
- Never reach below covers.

Danger to life due to electrocution!

When carrying our electrical work on the storage system, the following must be observed:

- Switch off the storage system.
- Disconnect the relevant electrical circuits.
- Secure against anyone switching on the device again.
- Check that the device is disconnected from the power supply.
- Only authorised electricians are permitted to carry out electrical work.

WARNING

Risk of burns!

Very high short-circuit currents are possible.

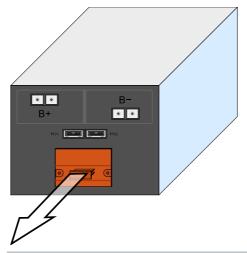
The following must be observed when working with the battery modules:

The battery module is activated when the fuse connector is plugged in. The

voltage runs between the plus and minus contacts of the battery module (nominal

Safety 2

> voltage of battery modules: 51.2 V DC). The battery module is deactivated when the fuse connector is unplugged. No voltage runs between the plus and minus contacts of the battery module. If all interconnected battery modules are deactivated, it is safe to work on a battery module.



When working on the DC circuit:

- Set aside metal jewellery.
- Switch off the storage system.
- Switch off the series fuse.
- Remove the orange fuse

connectors on all battery modules.

WARNING

Risk of injury and burns due to the escape of electrolyte

The battery modules installed in the storage system are protected by multiple protective devices and can be operated safely.

Despite their careful design, the battery cells inside the battery modules may corrode or experience thermal runaway in the event of mechanical damage, heat or a fault.

This can have the following effects:

- High heat generation on the surface of the battery cells.
- Electrolyte may escape.
- The escaping electrolyte may ignite and cause an explosive flame.
- The smoke from burning battery modules can irritate the skin, eyes and throat.

Therefore, proceed as follows:

- Do not open the battery modules.
- Do not mechanically damage the battery modules (pierce, deform, strip down, etc.)
- Do not modify the battery modules.

▶ Do not allow the battery modules to come into contact with water (except when extinguishing a fire in the storage system).

► Do not heat the battery modules. Operate them only within the permissible temperature range.

Do not short-circuit the battery modules. Do not allow them to come into contact with metal.

- ▶ Do not continue to use the battery modules after a short circuit.
- ► Do not deep-discharge the battery modules.

In the event that module contents are released:

- Do not enter the room under any circumstance.
- Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte.
- Contact the fire services.

Notice

Damage to battery modules due to deep-discharge!

Without a connection to the public electrical mains, the battery modules may be damaged due to being deep-discharged.

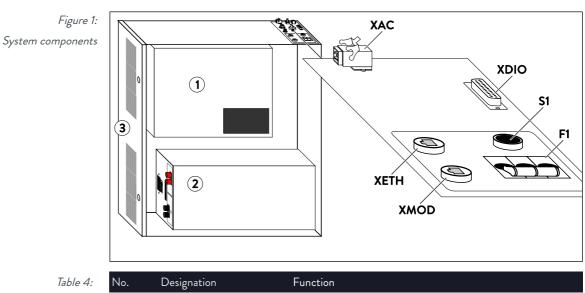
Do not disconnect the storage system from the public electrical mains for an extended period of time.

3 Product description

3.1 Technical data

sonnenBatterie	eco 8.2/2	eco 8.2/4	eco 8.2/6	eco 8.2/8	eco 8.2/10	eco 8.2/12	eco 8.2/14	eco 8.2/16
System data (AC)								
Nominal voltage				23	30 V			
Nominal frequency				50) Hz			
Nominal power	1,500 W	1,500 W 2,000 W 2,500 W 2,500 W 2,500 W 2,500 W 2,5		2,500 W	2,500 W			
Nominal current	6.5 A	8.7A	13.0 A	13.0 A	13.0 A	13.0 A	13.0 A	13.0 A
Mains connection	single-phase, L / N / PE							
Mains topology				TN	N / TT			
Mains connection fuse			mini	ature circuit b	reaker type E	3 16 A		
Battery data (DC)								
Cell technology			lit	thium iron pho	osphate (LiFeP	O ₄)		
Usable capacity	2.0 kWh	4.0 kWh	6.0 kWh	8.0 kWh	10 kWh	12 kWh	14 kWh	16 kWh
Nominal voltage				51	I.2 V			
Dimensions / weight with sma	all extension (cabinet (from	n 2 kWh up t	o 10 kWh)				
Dimensions (H/B/T) in cm	70/64/22	137/64 /22	137/64 /22	2 137/64 /22	137/64 /22	-	-	-
Weight in kg	53	88	115	142	169	-	-	-
Dimensions / weight with big	extension ca	binet (from 2	kWh up to 1	16 kWh)				
Dimensions (H/B/T) in cm	70/64/22	184/64 /22	184/64 /22	2 184/64 /22	184/64 /22	184/64 /22	184/64 /22	184/64 /22
Weight in kg	53	93	120	147	174	201	228	255
Power meter								
Voltage measurement inputs	Nominal	voltage (AC):	230 V (L-N)	, 400 V (L-L)	max. connec	tible conduct	or cross-section	on: 1.5 mm ²
Clamp-on current transformer			I	Max. measural	ole current: 60) A		
Safety								
Protection class				I (PE c	onductor)			
Degree of protection					P21			
Ambient conditions								
Ambient temperature range				5°C	30°C			
Storage temperature range				0°C	40°C			
Transport temperature range				-15 °C	: 40°C			
Max. rel. humidity				ç	0%			
Permissible installation altitude				2000 m a	bove sea level			
Additionalambient conditions	 Installatio 	n room can be	ventilated		• No direct	sunlight		
	 Free from 	n vibrations			• Even floor	, suitable for h	ieavy loads	
	 Free from 	n dust (especia	lly flour dust o	or sawdust)	• Free acces	s to the instal	lation location	ı
		n corrosive and	,		• The currer	ntly applicable	building code	s must be
		nax. 20 ppm)	1 9.2		observed	/ TT	0	
					0.5501700		Table 2	Tochnical date

Table 3: Technical data



3.2 System components

System components

No.	Designation	Function
1	Battery inverter	Conversion of direct current into alternating current
2	Battery module	Storage of electrical power
3	Filter plate	Holder for filter pad
F1	fuse switch	On/off switch for storage system
XAC	AC supply connection	Connection to the public electrical mains
XDIO	Digital In- and Outputs	Interface to emit and receive digital signals
XETH	Ethernet port	Data connection to router for home network
XMOD	Modbus port	Data connection to power meter
S1	switch	Pressed during the switch-on procedure (see section 7.2 -
		рд. 49).

3

3.3 Type plate

The type plate for the storage system is located on the outer surface of the system. The type plate can be used to uniquely identify the storage system. The information on the type plate is required for the safe use of the system and for service matters.

The following information is specified on the type plate:

- Item designation
- Item number
- Version (hardware version)
- Technical data of the storage system

The nominal power and battery capacity of the storage system differ depending on the number of battery modules installed. For this reason the nominal power and battery capacity must be entered on the type plate by the electrician installing the system.

4 Transport and storage

4.1 Storage

Storage describes the condition when the storage system is not connected to the public electrical mains and the battery modules cannot be automatically charged.

4.1.1 Ambient conditions during storage

The ambient conditions specified in Tabular 3 (pg. 12) must be observed during storage.

4.1.2 Storing the battery modules

Damage/destruction of battery modules due to deep-discharge!

During storage the battery modules automatically discharge at a minimal level. Deep-discharge could damage or destroy the battery modules. For this reason, the battery modules can only be stored for a limited amount of time. Observe the following points:

- The battery modules must be charged to 85% (charging status upon delivery) when stored.
- Store the battery modules for no longer than 6 months.
- Install the battery modules in the storage system after 6 months at the most and commission the storage system.
- During storage the orange fuse plug must not be plugged into any battery

Notice

module.

4.2 Transport

4.2.1 Ambient conditions during transport

The ambient conditions specified in Tabular 3 (pg. 12) must be observed during transport.

4.2.2 Transporting battery modules

Lithium-ion batteries are hazardous goods. Therefore the following points must be observed when transporting the battery modules:

- Observe the general transport regulations based on the mode of transport as well as all legal regulations.
- Consult an external hazardous goods expert.

The battery module data relevant for transport is provided in the following:

- Hazardous goods class: 9
- UN number: UN3480 'lithium-ion batteries'
- Battery module mass (including packaging): 29 kg

4.2.3 Inspecting for transport damage

Danger of injury due to using damaged battery modules!

Using damaged battery modules poses risk of releasing hazardous battery contents.

 Unpack the battery modules immediately after transport and inspect them for transport damage.

If damage (deformation, damage to the housing, release of contents, or similar) is discovered:

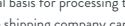
- ▶ Do not use the battery modules under any circumstance.
- ► Notify the service team.

Paragraph 425 of the German Commercial Code (*Handelsgesetzbuch*) forms the legal basis for processing transport damage.

The shipping company can only be held liable for transport damage if it can be proven that the damage occurred during the course of transport. For this reason it is important to follow the instructions given here as closely as possible.

Transport damage is divided into open and hidden damage. Open damage is externally visible damage to the transported goods or their packaging. Hidden damage occurs when the packaging is not damaged but the transported goods inside are.

Open transport damage must be reported to the shipping company immediately. The following timeframes apply in the case of hidden transport damage:



- Deutsche Post / DHL / parcel services: report damage within 24 hours
- Shipping company: report damage within 7 days

Proceed as follows:

1 Check the shipping documents

Check the recipient address and number of shipped goods in the presence of the shipper.

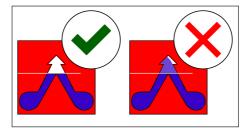
2 Inspect the goods for open damage

Inspect the packaging and transport goods for external damage in the presence of the shipper.

If damage is discovered:

Inspect the goods for hidden damage in the presence of the shipper.

Figure 2: Transport indicator affixed to the packaging



Check the transport indicator affixed to the packaging of the main cabinet in the presence of the shipper.

The storage system has not been transported properly if blue powder has been transferred into the arrow of the transport indicator.

Refuse to accept the goods if blue powder has been transferred into the arrow of the transport indicator.

3 Inspect the goods for hidden damage

This inspection should also take place in the presence of the shipper if possible.

- ▶ Unpack the goods.
- Inspect the goods for hidden (not immediately visible) transport damage.

If transport damage is discovered:

- Stop unpacking the product.
- Collect photographic evidence of the damage.
- Refuse to accept the goods if the discovered defects are serious.

4 Document the defects

Document the defects identified on the consignment note.

The documentation should include the following:

- Notation 'Conditional acceptance'
- · Registration number of the delivery vehicle
- Signature of the shipper

5 Report the damage

Report the damage to the responsible transport company and the manufacturer

4

immediately.

Send the consignment note/delivery note with the shipper's confirmation of the damage and photographic evidence to the manufacturer by email.



Damage claims cannot be settled if the abovementioned documentation is not submitted within the stated reporting timeframes.

4.2.4 Temperature adjustment after transport

Damage to the storage system due to condensation

If the temperature of the storage system is lower than the ambient temperature of the room when it is delivered, condensation may form inside the storage system. This may damage the storage system.

- Check the inside of the storage system for condensation before installation.
- Only install the storage system if there is no condensation on the surfaces.

If the storage system has been transported in sub-zero temperatures, proceed as follows:

1. Set up the storage system in a suitable location.

2. Open all control cabinet doors.

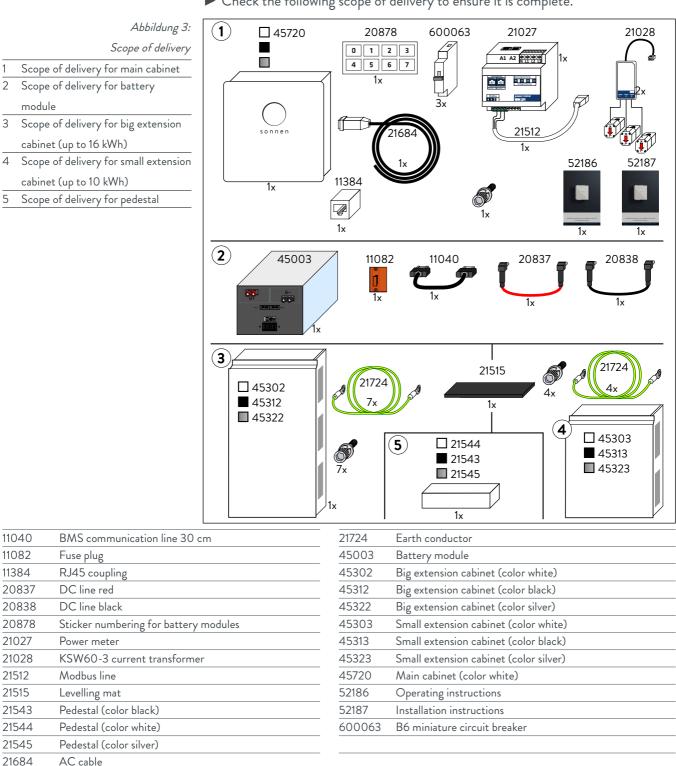
3. Leave the storage system to stand for at least 24 hours with open control cabinet doors.

4. Only then can you commission the storage system.

Notice

5 Installation

Scope of delivery 5.1

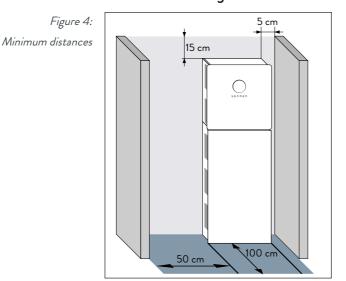


Check the following scope of delivery to ensure it is complete.

5.2 Selecting the installation location

5.2.1 Requirements for the installation location

Observe the required ambient conditions (see Table 3: Technical data – pg. 12).



5.2.2 Observing minimum distances

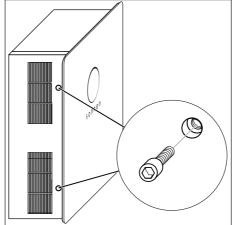
 Observe the specified minimum distances to neighbouring objects.

The minimum distances ensure that:

- there is sufficient heat dissipation,
- the storage system door can be opened easily and
- there is sufficient space for maintenance work.

5.3 Opening the doors of the main cabinet

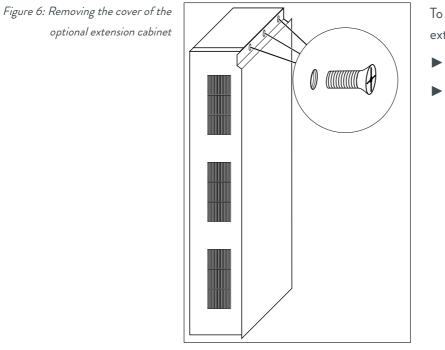
Figure 5: Opening the doors of the main cabinet



 Remove the two Allen screws on the left side of the main cabinet.

The doors can then be opened.

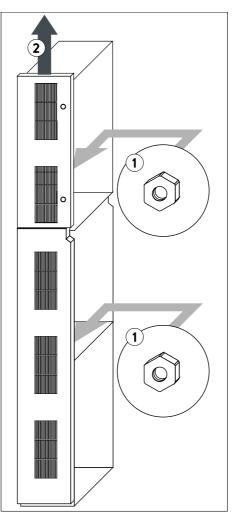
5.4 Removing the cover of the extension cabinet



To remove the cover of the optional extension cabinet:

- ▶ Remove the three screws.
- ► Slide the cover up.

5.5 Removing the filter plates



The filter plates of the main and optional extension cabinet can be removed. Removing them makes it easier to install the battery modules later.

Remove the nuts (1) inside the main and extension cabinet.

Slide the covers up (2) and take off the cover and place it to the side.

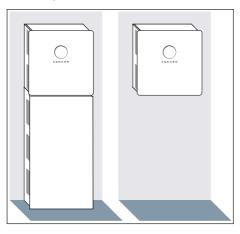
Figure 7: Removing the filter plates

5.6 Installing the storage system

This chapter describes how to install the storage system.

Figure 8:

Left: storage system with optional extension cabinet (floor-mounted) Right: storage system without optional extension cabinet (wall-mounted)

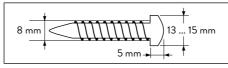


A storage system with the optional extension cabinet must be floormounted.

A storage system without the optional extension cabinet must be mounted to the wall with screws.

5.6.1 Using the correct mounting materials

Use only screws with the following properties:

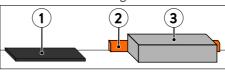


- Abbildung 9: properties of the screws
- The diameter of the screw head (see above figure) must be between
 13 mm and 15 mm.
- The screw diameter must be 8 mm.
- The screw head must not exeed 5 mm.

5.6.2 Placing the levelling mat or the pedestal

The levelling mat (1) is part of the scope of delivery for the extension cabinet. It is used to compensate uneven floors.

Alternatively the extension cabinet can be placed on an optional pedestal (3) instead of the levelling mat. This is helpful if the extension cabinet doesn't meet flush with the wall (e.g. because a skirting board is mounted).



 Place the levelling mat or the pedestal at the preferred installation location.

Figure 10: The levelling mat (1) compensates uneven floors. The optional pedestal (3) can e.g. can be used in combination with a skirting board (2)

5.6.3 Drilling the holes

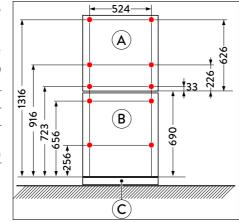
Holes must be drilled into the wall to mount the storage system. The arrangement of the holes depends on wheather the big or the small extension cabinet is used.

With small extension cabinet (up to 10 kWh)

Figure 11: Drill template for storage systems with small extension cabinet (figure is not to scale – all specifications are in millimetres)

A Main cabinet

- B Small extension cabinet
- C Levelling mat (height: 10 mm) or
- _____pedestal (optional height: 80 mm)



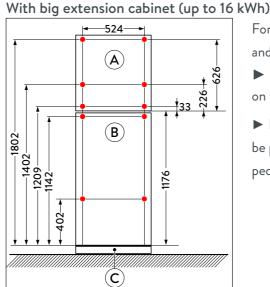
For storage systems consisting of main and small extension cabinet:

 Drill the holes shown in red in figure on the left.

 Note that the storage system must be placed on the levelling mat or the pedestal (C).

Figure 12: Drill template for storage systems with big extension cabinet (figure is not to scale – all specifications are in millimetres)

_						
A	Main cabinet					
В	Big extension cabinet					
С	Levelling mat (height: 10 mm) or					
	pedestal (optional – height: 80 mm)					



For storage systems consisting of main and big extension cabinet:

 Drill the holes shown in red in figure on the left.

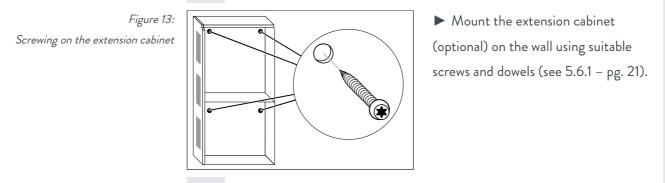
► Note that the storage system must be placed on the levelling mat or the pedestal (C).

Without extension cabinet

If the storage system is used without extension cabinet it is a good idea to observe the dimensions provided in one of the two figures above. That way no new holes need to be drilled if the storage system is extended at a later time.

5.6.4 Mounting the storage system

1 Mount the extension cabinet

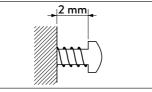


2 Apply the screws

There are keyhole attachments on the rear of the main cabinet. The main cabinet is mounted using these attachments.

Figure 14: Distance between screw head and wall

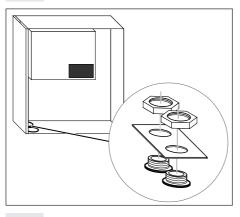
Figure 15: Remove the blind caps



► Apply suitable screws and anchors (see 5.6.1 – pg. 21) to the previously drilled holes.

The screw should not be completely screwed in. The screw head should protrude from the wall by approx. 2 mm (see above figure).

3 Remove the blind caps



Remove the blind caps. The blind caps are located at the bottom of the main cabinet.

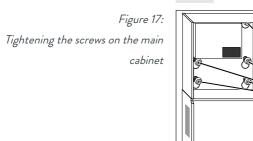
4 Mount the main cabinet

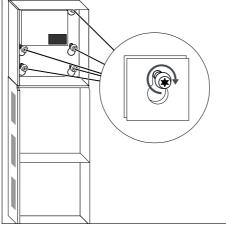
► Hang the main cabinet on the previously mounted screws.

Figure 16:

Mounting the main cabinet

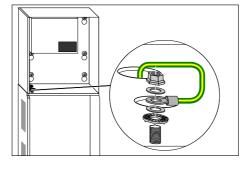
Tighten the screws 5





6 Connect the housing

Figure 18: Connecting the housing



An earth conductor is already connected in the extension cabinet.

► Tighten the five screws.

► Connect the other end of the earth conductor to the earth bolt in the main cabinet.

6 Electrical connection

Danger to life due to electrocution!

The following points must be observed when carrying out electrical work on the storage system or on the electrical distributor:

- Switch off the storage system.
- ► Disconnect the relevant electrical circuits.
- Secure against anyone switching on the device again.
- ► Check that the device is disconnected from the power supply.
- > Only authorised electricians are permitted to carry out electrical work.

Touch voltage in the event of a fault

Danger to life due to electrocution.

- ▶ Install a residual current device (RCD) in line to the storage system.
- ► The maximum rated leakage current of the RCD must be 30 mA. The type of

the RCD must be adapted to the local conditions. If there are no specific

requirements due to the local conditions then a RCD of the type A can be used.

Notice

Observe the maximum line lengths.

None of the lines connected to the storage system (electrical power, Ethernet line, Modbus line, other data lines, etc.) are allowed to exceed a maximum length of 30 m.

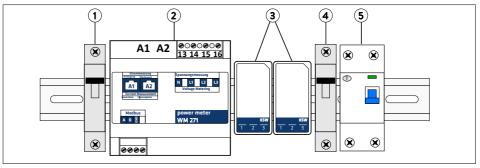
6.1 Working on the electrical distributor

6.1.1 Placing components in the distributor

Several components must be placed in the electrical distributor for the electrical connection of the storage system. Approx. 25 cm of free space on a mounting rail is required for placing the components.

Place the following components in the electrical distributor:





1 Miniature circuit breaker B16 (not included in scope of delivery)

- 2 WM 271 power meter
- 3 Transformer interfaces
- 4 B6 miniature circuit breaker
- 5 Residual current device (RCD) 30 mA (not included in scope of delivery)

Explanations for the components:

- The miniature circuit breaker (1) protects the connection line to the storage system.
- The power meter (2) and the transformer interfaces (3) are used to measure the consumption and generation of power in the building.
- The miniature circuit breaker (4) protects the line that is connected to the input for measuring the voltage of the power meter (2).
- The RCD (5) protects against high touch voltage in the event of a fault.

6.1.2 Wiring components in the electrical distributor

Wire the components previously placed in the electrical distributor like it is shown on the following pages.

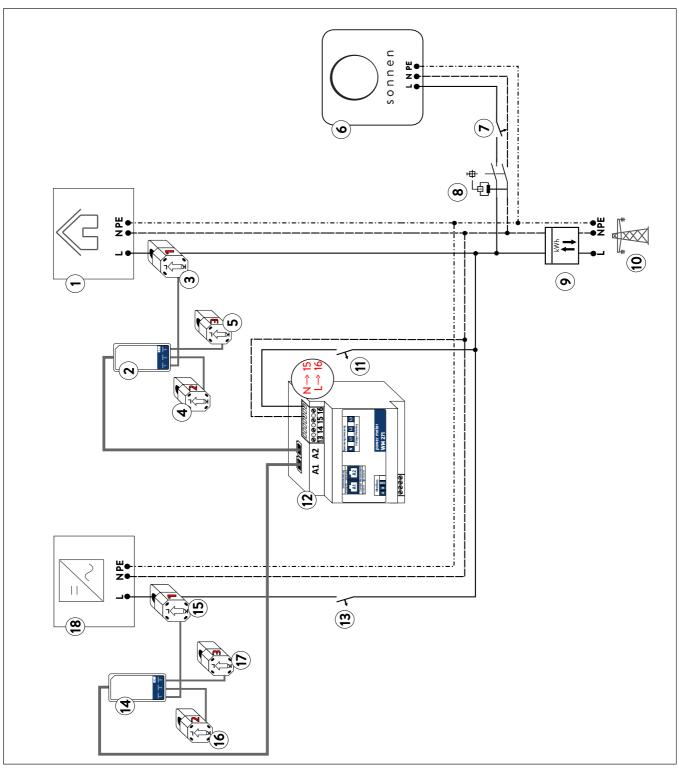


Figure 20: Circuit diagram overview - electrical connection at single-phase mains

1	Consumers in building	7	B16 miniature circuit breaker	13 PV inverter miniature circuit breaker
2	Transformer interface for consumption (A2)	8	RCD – 30 mA	14 Transformer interface for generation (A2)
3	Current transformer for consumption - L1	9	Bidirectional counter	15 Current transformer for production - L1
4	Current transformer for consumption - L2	10	Public electrical mains	16 Current transformer for production - L2
5	Current transformer for consumption - L3	11	B6 miniature circuit breaker	17 Current transformer for production - L3
6	Storage system	12	WM 271 power meter	18 PV inverter

6

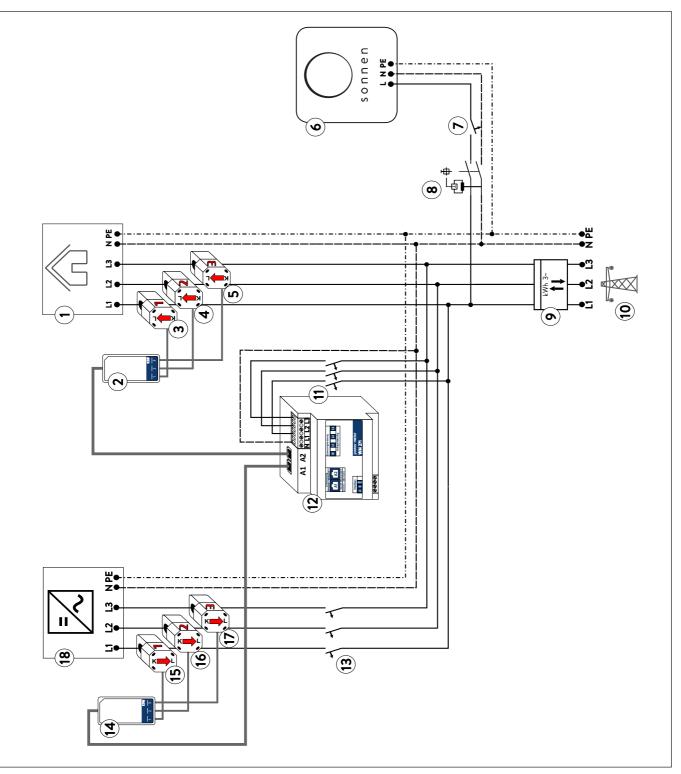


Figure 21: Circuit diagram overview - electrical connection at three-phase mains

1	Consumers in building	7	B16 miniature circuit breaker	13 PV inverter miniature circuit breaker
2	Transformer interface for consumption (A2)	8	RCD – 30 mA	14 Transformer interface for generation (A2)
3	Current transformer for consumption - L1	9	Bidirectional counter	15 Current transformer for production - L1
4	Current transformer for consumption - L2	10	Public electrical mains	16 Current transformer for production - L2
5	Current transformer for consumption - L3	11	B6 miniature circuit breaker	17 Current transformer for production - L3
6	Storage system	12	WM 271 power meter	18 PV inverter

• Never confuse inputs A1 and A2.

• The lines connected to the voltage measurement terminal strip (3) must

miniature circuit breakers (B6). The

supplied miniature circuit breakers do

not have to be installed if the lines are

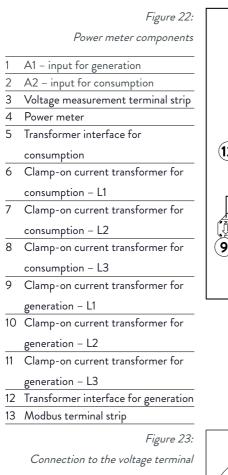
already protected by existing circuit

be protected by the supplied

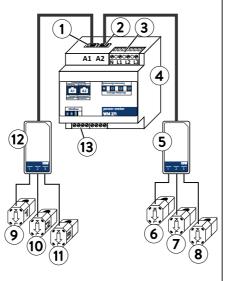
breakers.

6

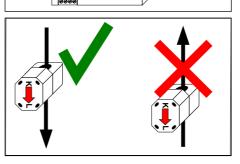
The following points must be observed when connecting the power meters:



strip at single-phase (1~) and threephase (3~) mains



- 1~ 3 ~ L1 L2 L3 N Ņ 000000 13 14 15 16 000000 13 14 15 16 A1 A2 00000 Voltage Metadog A1 A2 A B S power 0000
- Figure 24: Correct (left) and incorrect (right) energy flow direction



• The connection to the voltage terminal strip depends on the number

In the case of a single-phase (1~) mains, the voltage terminal strip must be wired like it is shown on the left part of the figure. In case of a threephase (3~) mains wire as shown on the right part of the figure .

• The clamp-on current transformers are clamped across the affected lines. The energy flow direction of the clamp-on current transformer must be observed.

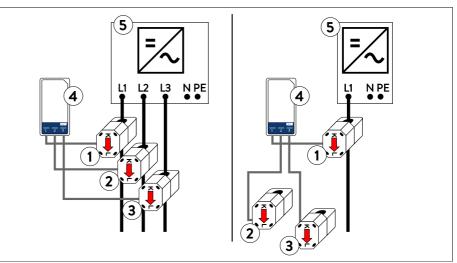
The energy flow in the line must run from K to L.

of phases.

Figure 25:

Connecting the clamp-on current transformers for three-phase (left) and one-phase generators (right)

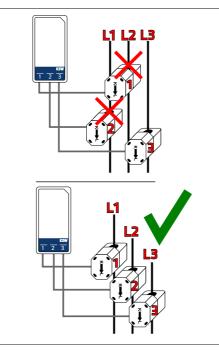
- 1 Clamp-on current transformer for generation L1
- 2 Clamp-on current transformer for generation L2
- 3 Clamp-on current transformer for generation L3
- 4 Transformer interface for generation
- 5 PV inverter or generator



• In the case of a one-phase PV inverter or a single-phase mains, only the clampon current transformer for the phase in question is connected. The other two clamp-on current transformers must not be connected.

Figure 26: lamp-on current

Connecting the clamp-on current transformers - incorrect (top) and correct (bottom)



Do not confuse the phases. Power measurement only works if the current and voltage of the same phase are measured. Example: clamp-on current transformer L1 (marked with number 1) must be connected to phase L1. This phase L1 must also be connected to terminal L1 of the voltage measurement terminal strip. Only then can the correct power for phase L1 be determined.

6

6.2 Configurating the power meter

The power meter can only work correctly, if the right measuring mode is activated. By default the measuring mode single-phase measurement is activated. In case of a three-phase mains the power meter must therefore be changed to three-phase measurement.

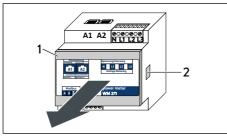
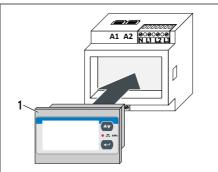


Figure 27: Remove the front cover of the power

meter

- Front cover of the power meter
- Clip to remove the front cover



power meter.

Insert the touch display into the

Press the clips (2) on both sides of

You might use a small screwdriver.

▶ Remove the front cover (1).

the power meter.

Supply the power meter with energy.

Figure 28: Inserting the touch display

Touch display



Figure 29: Touch display



Figure 30: password entry screen



Figure 31: CnGPASS screen

Press for a longer period of time until the password entry screen appears.

Press for a longer period of time until the CnGPASS screen appears.

▶ Press ▲ once.

The SYS screen appears.

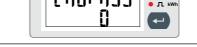


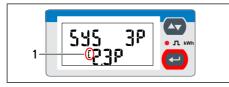


Figure 32: SYS screen



Figure 33: SYS screen - change of measuring

mode



 Press for a longer period of time until the sign (1) disappears.

▶ Press 🔄 ten times.

The end screen appears.

Press Twice until the setting 3P

▶ Press once.

measuring mode.

2.3P appears.

Now it is possible to change the

Figure 34: SYS screen - setting 3P/2.3P

Sign that shows that changes are possible

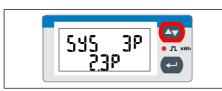


Figure 35: SYS screen after changing the

measuring mode



Figure 36: End screen

The three-phase measuring mode is now activated.

- Remove the touch display
- Insert the front cover into the power meter.



6

6.3 Connecting the Ethernet line

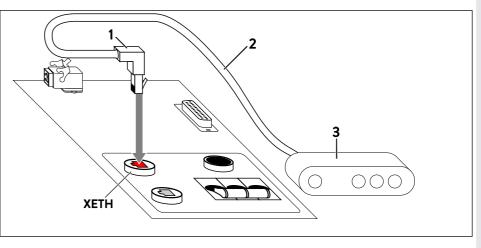
▶ Use a patch cable with the following properties as the Ethernet line:

- Category: Cat 5 e
- Shielded
- The patch cable has an angled connector (1). Otherwise it is not possible to close the cover.
- Connect the patch cable (2) to the Ethernet port (XETH) of the main cabinet.

► Connect the other end of the Ethernet line (2) to the router of the home network (3).

Figure 37: Connecting the Ethernet line to the top of the main cabinet

1	Angled connector
2	Patch cable (not included in
	scope of delivery)
3	Router of the home network
XETH	Ethernet port



The storage system automatically establishes the connection to the internet once the Ethernet line has been correctly connected.

If the connection to the internet does not establish automatically:

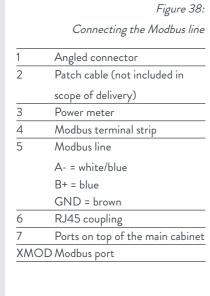
► Follow the instruction in section 8 (S. 53).

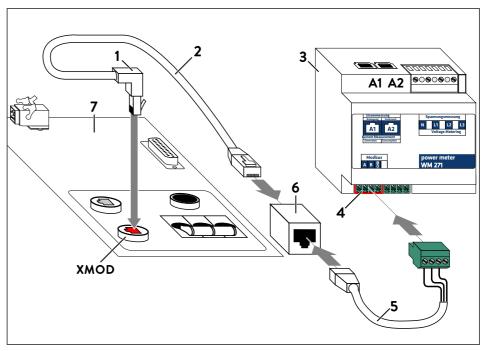
6

6.4 Connecting the Modbus line

Measurement data is transmitted from the power meter to the storage system using the Modbus line.

- ▶ Use a patch cable with the following properties as the Modbus line:
- Category: Cat 5 e
- Shielded
- The patch cable has an angled connector (1). Otherwise it is not possible to close the cover.
- Connect the patch cable (1) as shown in the following figure.





6.5 Connecting the AC supply

Danger to life due to electrocution!

The following points must be observed when carrying out electrical work on the storage system or on the electrical distributor:

- Switch off the storage system.
- ▶ Disconnect the relevant electrical circuits.
- Secure against anyone switching on the device again.
- Check that the device is disconnected from the power supply.
- Only authorised electricians are permitted to carry out electrical work.
- Connect the AC line as shown in the figure below.

Take care of the positioning of the plug (5). Both labels (2) and (3) must face upwards.

Close the locking device (4).

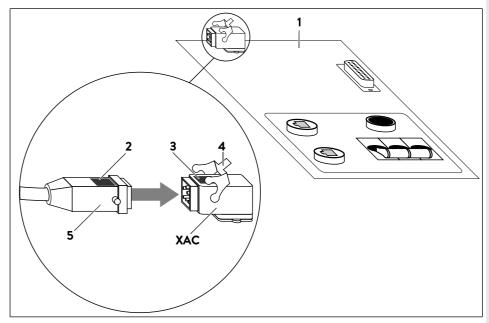


Abbildung 39: Netzleitung anschließen

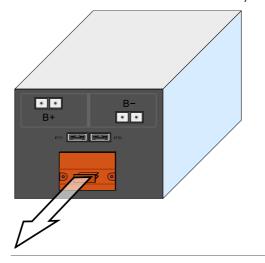
1	Top side of the storage system
2	Label
3	Label
4	Locking device
5	Plug of the AC line
XAC	AC supply connection

6.6 Installing the battery modules

Risk of burns!

Very high short-circuit currents are possible.

The following must be observed when working with the battery modules: The battery module is activated when the fuse connector is plugged in. The voltage runs between the plus and minus contacts of the battery module (nominal voltage of battery modules: 51.2 V DC). The battery module is deactivated when the fuse connector is unplugged. No voltage runs between the plus and minus contacts of the battery module. If all interconnected battery modules are deactivated, it is safe to work on a battery module.



When working on the DC circuit:

- Set aside metal jewellery.
- Switch off the storage system.
- Switch off the series fuse.
- Remove the orange fuse connectors on all battery modules.

Notice

Damage to battery modules due to short circuit!

If a short circuit occurs when installing the battery modules despite great care to avoid this, proceed as follows:

- Do not install the affected battery modules under any circumstance.
- Notify the service team.

6

6.6.1 Measuring the battery module voltages

Notice

Measuring the battery module voltages

Damage to battery modules due to high compensating currents!

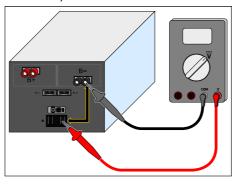
Differing battery module voltages lead to high compensating currents when the storage system is switched on.

Measure the voltages between the internal plus and minus poles of all battery modules (see figure below) and note these down.

The battery modules are only allowed to be installed if the maximum deviation

between the measured voltages is less than 1 V. If the deviation is greater than 1 V:

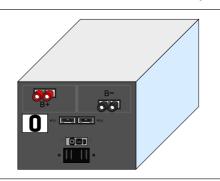
Notify the service team.



6.6.2 Numbering the battery modules

Figure 41: Numbering the battery module

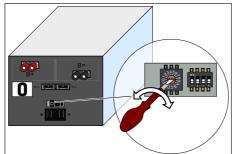
Figure 40:



 Apply the supplied stickers to the modules.

The numbering begins with zero and continues in ascending order.

6.6.3 Defining the communication addresses



Set the communication addresses for the battery modules using the rotary switch.

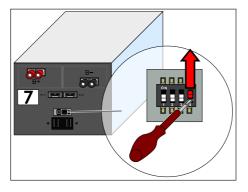
The communication address matches the number of the battery module.

Figure 42: Setting the communication addresses using the rotary switch

6.6.4 Setting the termination switches

Figure 43:

Setting the termination switch on the battery module with the highest number



6.6.5 Positioning the battery modules

 Slide the termination switch (switch
 4) of the battery module with the highest number¹ up (switch position
 ON).

Ensure that the termination switches of all other battery modules are in switch position OFF.

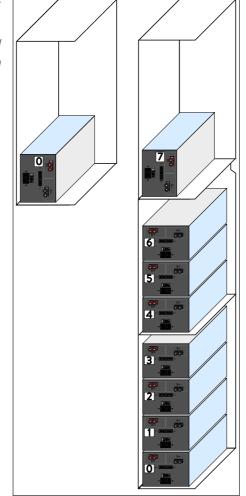
If **no** extension cabinet is used:

 Position the battery module as shown in the left part of the image.

If an extension cabinet is used:

 Position the battery modules as shown in the right part of the image.

Figure 44: Positioning the battery modules – without extension cabinet (left) and with extension cabinet (right)

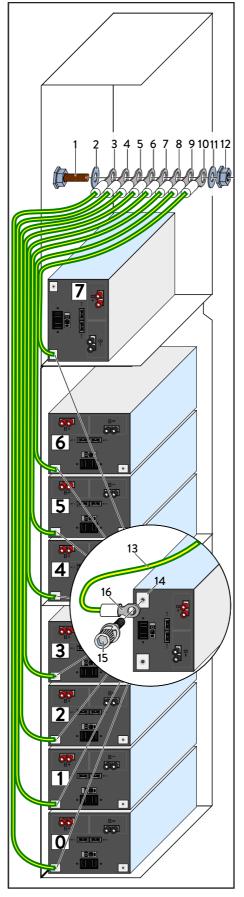


¹ With a sonnenBatterie eco 8/2 this is battery module 0, with a sonnenBatterie eco 8/4 this is battery module 1, and so on... With a sonnenBatterie eco 8/16 this is battery module 7.

6.6.6 Grounding of the battery modules

Figure 45: Grounding of the battery module in the main cabinet

	main cabinet
1	Earth bolt
2, 11	Washer
3 - 10, 16	Cable lug
12	Locking nut
13	Earth conductor
14	Earth connection of the
	battery module
15	Socket screw
-	



 Connect all earthing wires to the earthing pin (1).

Take care of the positioning of the components (2) to (12). The cable lugs have to be arranged circularly.

► Tighten the locking nut (12) with a torque of 5 Nm.

Connect the other end of the earth conductors to the earth connections
 (14) of the battery modules.

 Tighten the socket screws (15) with a torque of 4 Nm.

6.6.7 Connecting the DC lines

WARNING

Risk of fire due to high contact resistances and short circuit!

Incorrectly connected DC lines can cause a short circuit and thus high heat generation. Improperly connected DC lines can also create high resistance at the point of contact. As very high currents flow through the DC circuit, this high contact resistance can lead to great loss of energy (electrical energy is converted into heat). This can have the following effects:

• Cable fire:

The area around the affected point of contact is heated above permissible temperatures. A fire breaks out and hazardous substances are released.

• Damage to the battery modules:

The high contact resistance generates various high battery module loads. Battery modules may be damaged or destroyed by this. Therefore, proceed as follows: Check all plug connections. Only red lines are allowed to be plugged into red

Figure 46: Correctly connected (top) and incorrectly connected (bottom) DC line



Ensure that all DC lines are plugged into the sockets all the way.

DANGER

Danger to life due to electrocution if DC lines are incorrectly connected! Each battery module has a nominal voltage of 51.2 volts. The battery modules are connected in parallel using the supplied DC lines. The battery modules must never be connected in series, as this could result in life-threatening high voltages from the series connection. The high voltage can also lead to damage/destruction of components.

Ensure that all battery modules are connected in parallel, i.e. all plus poles of the battery modules are connected together (red to red). Likewise, ensure that all minus poles of the battery modules are connected together (black to black).

If **no** extension cabinet is used:

• Connect the DC lines as shown in the figure on the right.

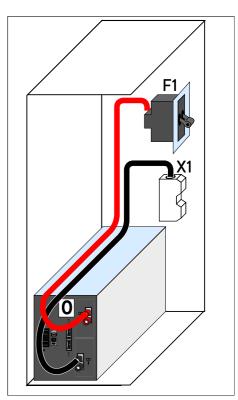


Figure 47: Connecting the DC lines on the sonnenBatterie eco 8/2 without extension cabinet

If an extension cabinet is used:

 Connect the DC lines as shown in the figure on the right.

Observe the following points:

- The plus line is connected from F1 to the plus pole of battery module 0.
- The minus line is connected from terminal X3 to the minus pole of the last battery module (with the highest number).

With a sonnenBatterie eco 8/2 this is battery module 0,

with a sonnenBatterie eco 8/4 this is battery module 1,

with a sonnenBatterie eco 8/6 this is battery module 2, and so on...

with a sonnenBatterie eco 8/16 this is battery module 7.

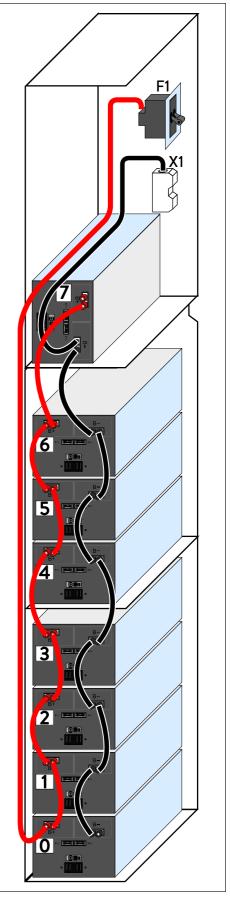


Figure 48: Connecting the DC lines on the sonnenBatterie eco 8/16

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6

6.6.8 Connecting the BMS communication line

Connect the BMS lines as shown in the following figures.
 Use the supplied BMS communication lines.

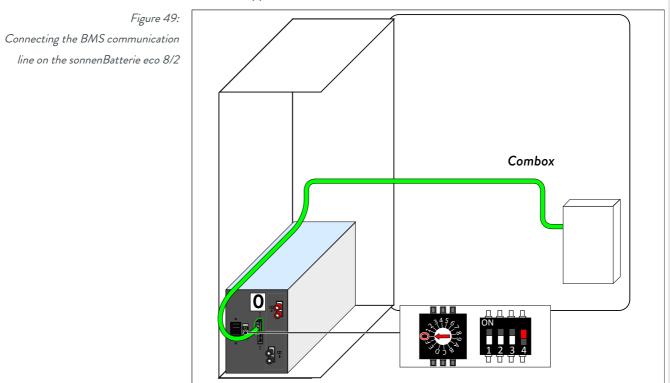
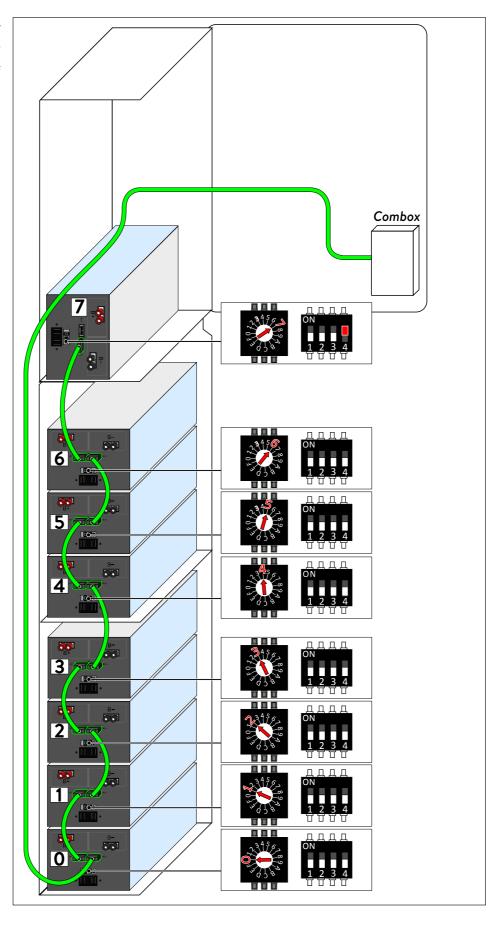


Figure 50: Connecting the BMS communication lines to 8 battery modules



6.6.9 Attaching the fuse plugs

Prerequisite:

✓ All DC lines and BMS communication lines are correctly connected to the battery modules.

► Attach the fuse plugs on all battery modules.

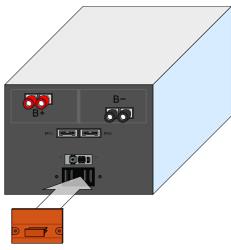


Figure 51: Attaching the fuse plugs

6.6.10 Entering the battery capacity/nominal power on the type plate

Tools:

• Permanent marker

► Mark off the correct battery capacity and nominal power on the type plate of the storage system.

The type plate is located on the outside of the storage system. The battery capacity and nominal power can be determined from the technical data (see page 12).

6.7 Mounting filter plates and cover

6.7.1 Mounting filter plates

The previously removed filter plates must be reinstalled.

I \bigcirc C \bigcirc 1. Mount the filter plate at the extension cabinet.

2. Slide the filter plate down, till it is in its end position.

3. Mount the filter plate at the main cabinet.

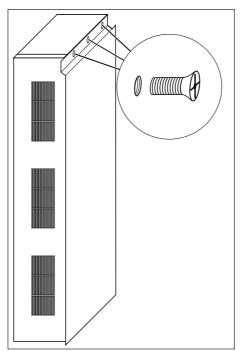
4. Slide the filter plate down, till it is in its end position.

5. Mount the nuts on the inside of the cabinets.

Figure 52: Mounting the filter plates

6.7.2 Mounting cover

Figure 53: Mounting the cover of the extension cabinet



► Hook the cover into the front of the extension cabinet.

► Mount the cover with the three screws. Tighten the screws only slightly, making sure that the cover can still be moved.

 Close the door of the main cabinet and align the cover.

► Fully tighten the screws.

7 Commissioning

7.1 Initial commissioning

7.1.1 Commissioning checklist

Check the following points during initial commissioning before switching on the system:

Table 5:

Commissioning checklist

OK	Points to check
	The installation location meets the requirements.
	All DC lines are completely and correctly connected.
	The Modbus line is correctly connected.
	The Ethernet line is correctly connected.
	The AC supply is correctly connected.
	The AC line meets the requirements of all local and national guidelines for line dimensions.
	The dimensions of the miniature circuit breaker installed in the AC line are correct.
	A residual current device (RCD) has been correctly installed.

7.1.2 Commissioning report

- Complete the commissioning report in the appendix of this document in full.
- ► Make two copies of the commissioning report.
- ► Give the first copy to the operator.
- Send the second copy to sonnen GmbH within 5 working days.

7

7.2 Switching on the storage system

To switch on the storage system, the fuse switch F1 and switch S1 must be engaged in a specific order. F1 and S1 are located under the cover at the top side of the storage system.

7.2.1 Removing the cover

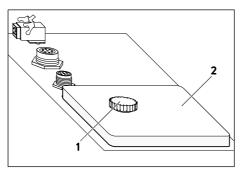
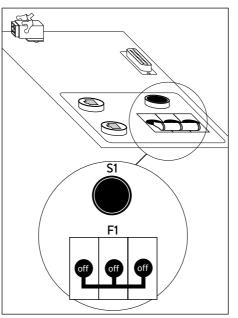


Abbildung 54: Removing the cover (2) at the top side of the storage system

7.2.2 Switching on the storage system



- Press switch S1 and hold it down while the following steps are carried out.
- 2 Switch on fuse switch F1.

▶ Remove the knurled nut (1).

▶ Remove the cover (2).

counterclockwise.

To do this, rotate the knurled nut (1)

- 3 Keep switch S1 held down for at least another 5 seconds.
- 4 Release switch S1.

Abbildung 55: Fuse switch F1 and switch S1 at the top side of the storage system

The storage system then starts up and performs a self-test. Once the self-test is successful, the storage system is ready to operate.

► Mount the previously removed cover.

7

7.3 Running the commissioning wizard

With the help of the commissioning wizard the storage system can be configured. The operator as well as the authorised electrician have to enter some informations while the commissioning wizard is running.



The storage system is only ready for operation if the commissioning wizard is fully completed.

Q[

7.3.1 Establishing connection to storage system

Connect the laptop (2) to the router of the home network.

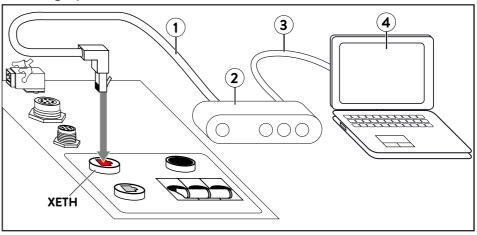
The storage system must also be connected to the router of the home network.

Figure 56:

Ethernet	wiring
----------	--------

1	Ethernet line
2	Router of the home network
3	Ethernet line
4	Laptop
XETH	Ethernet port at the top side of

the storage system



Start a browser (e.g. Firefox, Chrome, Safari, ...) at your laptop.

► Enter the adress *finde-meine.sonnenbatterie.de* in the adress line of your browser.

 $\Rightarrow \times \hat{}_{n}$ (https://finde-meine.sonnenbatterie.de

The following window appears:

Figure 57: findemeine.sonnenbatterie.de



Click the button Anzeigen.

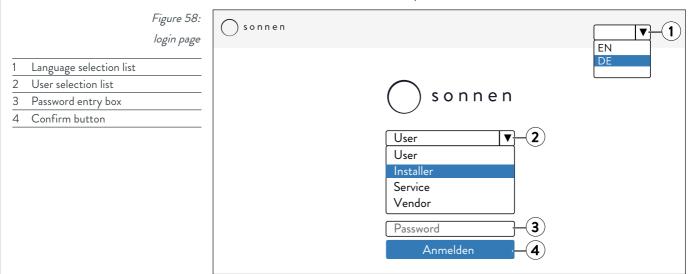
The login page appears.

If the page *finde.meine.sonnenbatterie.de* does not appear or the storage system is not displayed:

► Follow the instructions in section 8 (S. 53).

7.3.2 Running the commissioning wizard

- ► Select your preferred language from the *language selection list* (1).
- Select the User *Installer* from the *user selection list* (2).
- Enter Sonnen@Installer2016 in the password entry box (3).
- Click the button (4) to confirm your entries.



After that the commissioning wizard will start.

Run the commissioning wizard until it is fully completed.

8 Troubleshooting

disturbance	reason	correction		
No internet connection (the storage	 No connection between the storage system 	 Make sure that the Ethernet line between 		
system is not displayed at the Internet	and the server.	the storage sys	the storage system and the Router of the home	
portal https://meine.sonnenbatterie.de)		network is correctly connected.		
		Make sure that the Router of the home		
		network allows	connections on the following	
		ports:		
		TCP-Port	Service	
		22	SecureShell (ssh)	
		37	Time Server (ntp)	
		80	Online-Check (http)	
		222	VPN (Serververbindung ssl)	
		232	VPN (backup)	
		443	App-Steuerung (https)	

UDP-Port

1196

Service

(Serververbindung, ssl)

9 Decommissioning

Notice

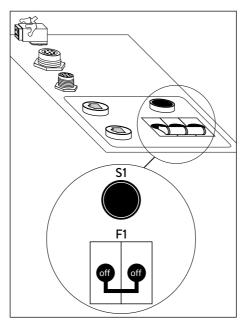
Damage to battery modules due to deep-discharge!

Without a connection to the public electrical mains, the battery modules may be damaged due to being deep-discharged.

Do not disconnect the storage system from the public electrical mains for an

extended period of time.

Figure 59: Fuse switch F1 and switch S1 at the top side of the storage system

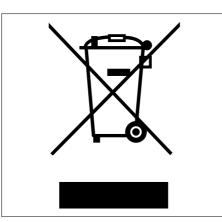


Remove the cover at the top side of the storage system (see chapter 7.2.1 – p. 49).

► Switch off F1.

10 Disposing of the storage system

Figure 60: WEEE symbol



The storage system and the batteries it contains must **not** be disposed of as domestic waste.

Dispose of the storage system and the batteries it contains in an environmentally friendly way through suitable collection systems.



sonnen GmbH

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• info@sonnenbatterie.de

11 Commissioning report

The completed commissioning report must be sent to the following email address within 5 working days of successful commissioning: service@sonnenbatterie.de					
Commissioning details					
Storage system serial number:	Date of commissioning:				
Operator details					
Surname, first name	Street	Post code, town			
Telephone	Email address				
Storage system location (only required if location	on is different from the adress above)				
Street	Post code, town				
Specialist company details					
Company	Street	Post code, town			
Telephone	Email address				
Details on electrician carrying out the work					
Name	Company	Certification number			
Details on network topology (mark off the appli	cable network)				
□ TT □ TN-S □ TN-C-S □ TN-C □	TN-C (classic earthing)				
Details on PV system					
Feed-in: 🗆 one-phase 🗆 three-phase	Feed-in via phase: 🗆 L1 🗆 L2 🗆 L3				
Nominal power of PV system					
Special notes/points to be addressed					
Electrician's declaration					
I confirm that my details are correct. The storage system was installed and commissioned by me in the proper manner. I followed the installation					
instructions in doing so.	1	Γ			
Place, date	Electrician's signature				
Operator's declaration					
I confirm that my details are correct.					
Place, date	Operator's signature				